Taylors Falls Reporter.

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The Taylors Falls Reporter.

ED. FOLSOM PUBLISHER & PROPRIETOR

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY

OFFICE—CORNER SECOND AND RIVER STREETS

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—Two Dollars a year. Single copies, in wrappers, five cents.

Rates of Advertising:

One Square, (12 lines,) one insertion,	$1 00
" " Each additional insertion,	50
" " One year, - -	$10 00
One-fourth column, 3 months, -	10 00
" " " 6 " -	15 00
" " " 1 year, -	20 00
One-half column, 3 months, - -	15 00
" " 6 " - -	20 00
" " 1 year, - -	30 00
One column, 3 months, - - -	20 00
" " 6 " - - -	30 00
" " 1 year, - - -	50 00

Business cards, 8 lines or less, 1 year, $8 00
" " " 6 months, 4 00
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Legal advertisements, 75 cents per square for first insertion and 37½ cents per square for all subsequent insertions. Payment in all cases required on delivery of affidavits.

Ten cents per square will be charged for each change or alteration ordered.

Job Printing,

in all its varieties, done with neatness and dispatch. The Reporter Office is well stocked with Job Material of the latest style. All orders for work promptly attended to.

Business Cards.

J. J. MOSHER,

SHERIFF OF CHISAGO COUNTY.

Office over Wyckoff, Clark, & Co's store on the corner of First and Government streets. Taylors Falls, Minnesota.

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER.—

P. J. Anderson,

NEXT DOOR TO THE DRUG STORE.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired in a neat and workmanlike manner.

Taylors Falls, Minn. May 23d 1864.

AMERICAN HOUSE.

JOHN MILLER, Proprietor.

SUNRISE CITY, - - - - MINNESOTA.

Having lately taken charge of the above house I am now prepared to accommodate all. The tables are always well served.

A good stable is a great relief.

dec23:1 30'63 6tf

BLACKSMITHING

All kinds of Blacksmithing done in the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike manner. Plows made and repaired.

Particular attention paid to horse and ox shoeing. Shop opposite the Bridge and Steamboat landing.

JOHN H SMITH.

Taylors Falls, Minnesota v1-n1

DAILY STAGE LINE

FROM

Taylors Falls to Stillwater.

Stages will leave Taylors Falls, every morning at 7 o'clock a. m., (Sundays excepted,) connecting at Stillwater with the St. Paul stages.

This line is well stocked with first class horses and commodious coaches.

JOHN McDONALD.

n3:1 Proprietor.

STANNARD & SETZER.

Attorney's & Counsellor's

AT LAW,

TAYLOR'S FALLS, MINN.

Will also attend to the payment of taxes for non-residents, in the counties of Chisago and Pine, Minnesota, and the county of Polk, Wisconsin. 1tf

H. MURDOCK, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

(Successor to Geo. W. Seymour,)

BENCH ST., TAYLOR FALLS.

Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Inks, Stationery, Perfumery of all kinds, garden seeds, patent medicines, trusses, choice liquors for medicinal and mechanical purposes, paints, oils, varnishes, dyestuffs, paint brushes, bird cages, kerosene oil and fluid lamps, lamp chimneys, shades, &c., &c.

A complete assortment of everything in his line of business, and at low prices for cash.

Taylor's Falls. n1

Poetry.

APRIL 20, 1861.

BY PRIVATE MILES O'REILLY.

Three years ago to day
We raised our hands to Heaven,
And on the rolls of muster
Our names were thirty-seven;
There were just a thousand bayonets,
And the swords were thirty-seven,
As we took the oath of service
With our right hands raised to Heaven.

Oh, 'twas a gallant day,
In memory still adored,
That day of our sun bright nuptials
With the musket and the sword!
Shrill rang the fifes, the bugles blared,
And beneath a cloudless Heaven
Twinkled a thousand bayonets,
And their swords were thirty-seven.

Of the thousand stalwart bayonets
Two hundred march to day;
Hundreds lie in Virginia swamps,
And hundreds in Maryland clay;
And other hundreds, less happy, drag
Their shattered limbs around;
And envy the deep, long, blessed sleep
Of the battle-field's holy ground.

For the swords—one night a week ago,
The remnant, just eleven,
Gathered around a banqueting board
With seats for thirty-seven;
There was two limped in on crutches,
And two had each but a hand
To pour the wine and raise the cup
As we toasted "Our flag and land!"

And the room seemed filled with whispers
As we looked at the vacant seats,
And with choking throats we pushed aside
The rich, but untasted meats.
Then in silence we brimmed our glasses,
As we rose up, just eleven,
And bowed as we drank to the loved and the lost
Who made us THIRTY SEVEN!

Miscellaneous.

BEN'S BEAVER.

A pioneer settler in the woods of Canada has need to be a man of brave heart and strong hand. We had been five years on our Canadian farm, and we had "a frame house" as fairly fitted for two families as two flats in Paris one above the other, or two dwellings joined in a semi-detached villa. My eldest brother had the wife of his choice and two fine boys. We had thirty acres in corn, grass land, and kitchen garden. This conquest of the woods made the two brothers next to the eldest very uneasy. They wanted a world to conquer, and I remember when Walter, the eldest, now eighteen said to his father.—"Give John and me ten shillings each to buy axes, and we will never ask any more of you. We will give you a receipt in full for our inheritance."

"And may well do so, if you have your health and can fetch your food from home for a while," said my mother.

The result was, that the boys started, each with a knapsack, for a place called "Chug's Hollow," ten miles into the dense forest east of our home. The tract of land, comprising a fine waterfall, had been bought by a man named Sugge, and he intended that his claim should bear his own name; but he lisped and called himself, Thugge, and other folks called him what he called himself, and hence the ugly name was fastned on a very lovely valley which is now a beautiful and prosperous village, long ago emancipated from forest trees, beavers, blackened stumps, and its bad name.

On the mill-stream, where now stand the mills of my victorious brothers, Ben's beaver was caught in a box trap. He was a baby beaver, or he might have known better than to intrude into the small room that became his prison for the bribe of a sweet apple. The colony of beavers that had built near where the corn-mill now stands had been fastned out of their house, and all shot, by my brothers, while they were trying to get in at their own doors. It was a cruel and profitable job, for beaver skins then brought a very high price. Not one was left alive except baby Brownie, who was given to Ben by reason of his great love of four-footed pets. I went over to see the beavers' house, built of small trees, or saplings, which they cut down with their chisel-like front teeth, and floated into position, in the water. The dam, as well formed as if men had built it, the warm dry rooms of the dwelling with their soft lining, the treasures of bark and bulbous roots for food in winter, all were wonderful to me. The boys had watched them at work for some days before they commenced destroying them. They have seen them cut down saplings to repair damage purposely done to their dam. They had floated these to the place where they were wanted, and then, lifting the stick upon the fore-leg, as a man takes a burden on his arm, they had put it in its place, very much after the manner of a monkey. Many have said that the beaver carries burdens on his tail, and that he uses it as a trowel. My brothers were not able to verify these assertions. They were of opinion that though the tail may be used sometimes to brace the animal, like a fifth leg, or to hammer their work into place, yet that it is not used as a trowel or a raft. Perhaps the time they allow themselves for observation was too short.

I took notes of Brownie for a long time, and he soon grew to be a big beaver and very tame. He was one of the most cheerful and affection pets in the world, and, though he ate roots and bulbous bark readily, his favorite food was bread and milk; if it was sweetened it was a special and delightful treat.

One of our neighbors was remarkably fortunate in finding horses that had gone astray. On being asked for the secret of his sagacity and luck, he said: "I always fancy myself a horse, and think of what I would want if I was one, and where I would go to get it." If I could fancy myself a beaver, I might hope to explain some of the singular doings of Ben's. He loved my brother so dearly, that Alice (my brother's wife) was almost jealous of him. It was impossible for Ben to separate or hide from him. On one occasion Ben left home to go to Plattsburg and Whitehall, on Lake Champlain. This lake is nearly one hundred miles long, and has many steamboat landings on both sides; being at its widest not above six miles across. The beaver was left at home, but when Ben went up to his room at the St Alban's Hotel, he was met by Brownie, who showed no signs of fatigue, and indulged in the most extravagant expressions of joy. Ben rewarded his attention with a dish of bread and milk, of which he ate about one half, and then laid himself to sleep on his masters valise. He changed to his master's feet when my brother was in bed. In the morning Ben missed him, and the remaining portion of the bread and milk. "Brownie has gone home," said Ben to himself. That night he staid at Plattsburg, on the other side of the lake; when he retired to his room, after taking supper in the ordinary dining-room, there he found Brownie on his valise again. Again there was a joyful meeting, an an eager consumption of bread and milk and sweet apples. This time there was non left for breakfast. Still Brownie disappeared early, and not until Ben reached Whitehall was he again visible. It is to be noted that in all the distance traveled by this beaver, from our home, there was water. Brooks and a small river took him to St. Alban's, and after that he had the lake. The beaver is a poor traveler on land, and does better by night than by day.—Much of the work of beaver colonies is done in the night. But Brownie followed his master by day, and made the same speed as the boat, and always knew where to land. The animal has powerful means of water locomotion in the hind feet: his tail he uses as a rudder.

Who or what told Brownie that Ben was to land at Whitehall I cannot know, but there he was, ready to pay his ardent respects to his master's pocket for the sake of a sweet-apple.

My sister Alice had hoped when she married Ben to reform him of his passion for four-footed pets by furnishing substitutes; but he went on the principle of "the more angels in the heart the more room," only he read babies and beavers instead of celestial beings. I remember Mrs. Ben's careful expression of face as she exclaimed, "Oh dear! Brownie is a nuisance. He has built a dam in the parlor, of the fire-irons and fender and the music-stool. He has made a double-roomed house at the back of it with two ottomans, and lined them with leaves of my last music-book. And then he has stolen my dried sweet-apples, and laid them up for his winter's provision. But he is welcome to them now, for who would eat them after he has messed them over! Indeed, Ben he *is* a nuisance."

"We are all nuisances sometimes," said Ben, "beavers, babies, and grown men and women."

"I wish you would speak for yourself and Brownie, and not for me and and the babies, Ben," said Alice, laughing.

"Look at him!" said my brother, as Brownie combed himself with the claws of his hind foot, making his toilet as carefully as a cat or a lady. We all did look at him, and we all forgave his mischief, and admired his neatness, sagacity, and affection. All the world forgives the pets and favorites when they serve or amuse sufficiently to pay their way.

The end of poor Brownie was tragic, and no settler in Canada has been more sincerely mourned. To this day a tender sadness fills my heart when I think of him. He was mistaken by a hunter for a wild beaver, when the hunter was on an excursion with my brother in the backwoods. He was shot.—Ben got his skin and had it stuffed, and to this day it is kept as a parlor ornament in my brother's Canadian house.

Ben Butler as a Strategist.

The logical acumen of Major General Butler is very generally admitted, and his epistolary correspondence while he was in command of New Orleans is entirely unequalled by any diplomatic communications for unanswerable argumentation and pointed application. Nevertheless many of the most enthusiastic admirers of the General's diplomatic skill, express doubts in regard to his ability as a military commander, while those who know him best, claim that *Ben's best hold* is in strategic operation, and in confirmation of their opinions, relate the following anecdote, which we recommend Mr. Parton to embody in the next edition of the General's life:

"A good many years ago, the postmaster of Lowell was removed by death, leaving his office *bonne bouche* for the hungry crowd of cormorant politicians, who hardly allowed the deceased official to be buried before they met for the purpose of settling the question of succession.

"General (then known as Ben Butler) hearing of the proposed meeting, came unexpectedly in the midst of the conclave and administered a most scathing rebuke to those assembled that they should have met together with such unseemly haste to wrangle about a dead man's shoes ere he was hardly cold.—Such conduct, said he, is scandalous, and I move that as a token of respect to the memory of the deceased, this meeting does now adjourn for two weeks. The resolution was adopted *nem con*, and the assembly dispersed with a higher appreciation of Ben's moral sensibilities than ever.

"Two weeks having elapsed, the meeting was convened according to adjournment, but Ben did not appear. He sent an appology, however, excusing himself from attending, on the ground of fatigue, consequent upon traveling, as *he had just returned from Washington*, and took occasion to mention *incidentally* that he had brought with him the appointment of his *brother-in-law as Postmaster!* History says that there was some tall swearing about that time."

A Palpable Hit

The soldiers in the hospitals here while away the tedious hours of confinement within doors by animated political discussions on the prominent topics of the day. While a large squad of them was thus engaged in the Sisters of Charity Hospital, a day or two since, a lady well known to them, and loved for her many and constant deeds of charity, entered the room. After listening for a few moments to deabte, she interrupted it with the remark: "Boys all this discussion is useless, for General McClellan died last night!" This startling announcement, conveyed with a convincing solemnity of countenance, hushed all contention, and it was some time before one of the soldiers ventured to break the silence by asking what he died of. "He tried to swallow the Chicago platform," the lady answered, "and was choaked to death." The roar of laughter which followed the reply proved that the boys fully appreciated the palpable hit.—*Buffalo Express.*

An elderly gentleman, accustomed to "indulge," entered the room of a certain inn, where sat a grave friend by the fire. Lifting a pair of green spectacles upon his forehead, rubbing his inflamed eyes, and calling for hot brandy and water, he complained that "his eyes were getting weaker and weaker, and that even spectacles didn't seem to do them any good."

"I'll tell thee, friend," replied the Quaker, "what I think, If thee was to wear thy spectacles over thy mouth for a few months, thy eyes would get round again."

A soldier who was reading inscriptions on the transparencies in a Democrat procession in Trenton, discovering nothing inscribed thereon but abuse of the President of the United States, and insults to our Government, he turned to a companion and exclaimed: "I say, Jim, that is the first rebel raid we've seen since we left Virginia."

House and Farm,

Ventilation in Bee-Hives.

Bees in winter do not apparently suffer from cold even when many degrees below the freezing point. Their great enemy is damp. I have known hives from which the bottom board had fallen and which were fully exposed to the air, winter well, while others carefully tended lost thousands of bees, and yet both had sufficient stores. Hives made of thin boards are bad quarters for bees, unless well ventilated, and for the simple reason that when such are exposed to the weather, they part rapidly with their warmth in cold weather, and unless carried off by the currents of air, the moisture from the bees condenses on the inside and then congeals, and this process will go on until the comb next the sides is involved, and the bees consequently huddle together in an ice-house. When combs are thus frozen or kept steadily exposed to an atmosphere of moisture for some time, they will mould whenever the weather becomes warm. It often happens that the principle portion of the honey is laid up in the outer combs, and if these are frozen, the bees cannot get their food and may thus starve with food abundant, but locked up by frost. —*From the Ohio Farmer.*

Removing Windgalls on Horses Legs.

A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman*, gives the following directions in regard to removing windgalls from horses' legs. "Procure the best kerosene oil and bathe the spot two or three times a day until you see that the gall has diminished. Dip the end of your finger in the oil and rub it in well. Then put a tight bandage of cloth around the gall. Be careful not to let the oil spread more than necessary, for if allowed to run down in the fetlocks it will cause a bad sore. If the gall be a bad one, and the oil should cause a bad sore, heal with Green Ointment, made as follows: Two ounces of beeswax, two ounces of resin: when that is melted, put in half a pound of hog's lard, and four ounces of turpentine, and to this add one ounce of powdered verdigris, strain through a clean cloth, and it is then fit for use."

How to Relieve a Cough, Colds, Asthma &c.

We are often troubled with severe coughs, the results of a cold of long standing, which may turn into consumption and premature death.

Hard coughs cause sleeplesss nights, by a constant irritation in the throat, and a strong effort to throw off offending matter from the lungs.

The remedy I propose has been tried by myself, and often recommended to others with good results, which is simply to take into the stomach before retiring at night a piece of raw onion, after chewing. This esculent, in an uncooked state, is very heating, and tends to collect the waters from the lungs and throat. Sliced onion, in the raw state, will collect poison from the air, and also from the human system when taken internally or externally applied to the arm pits.

Another good Remedy.

To an ounce of loaf sugar placed in a cup, add just water enough for the sugar to absorb with dissolving it. Add the same state, as of sugar in bulk. Then to this add three large teaspoonfulls of paregoric—mix well. As the cough continues, take half of a small teaspoonful every five hours, day and night. Before using stir well the compound each time. This, strictly followed, will cure a virulent cold of long standing, and taken nights is a great relief to those who are afflicted with asthma.—*Cor. Country Gentleman.*

Keeping Meats Fresh.

With a little care all kinds of fresh meat—pork, beef, poultry, fish, &c., may be kept for a long time without losing its fresh flavor. Cut the meat into suitable pieces for cooking, whether for steaks, baking or boiling; then lay it where it will freeze hard. When frozen, place in a tub or box and bury it in snow or ice, with a temporary covering to keep it from melting in ordinary winter weather. If a thaw comes on, cover with an old blanket or straw to exclude the air.

"The Union must be preserved at all hazards," months McClellan. Pendleton boldly declares, "If these Southern States cannot be reconciled, I would bid them farewell so tender that they would forever be touched by the recollection of it." Ohio has bid Pendleton farewell so tenderly that we think, unless he has got the hide of a rhinoceros, he will forever be touched by the recollection of it.

Live up to your engagements.

Wit and Wisdom.

Modesty becomes a woman, but man never does.

Woman—the only endurable aristocrat—elects without ballot, governs without law, and decides without appeal.

A man must be a fool to give the "blues" full sweep in his soul. There are those everywhere who are calculated to be kind and sympathetic friends. God bless those who have been our friends through life.

A merchant examining a hogshead of hardware, on comparing it with the invoice, found it all right except a hammer less than the invoice. "Och, don't be troubled," said the Irish porter, "sure the negur took it out to open the hogshead with."

A Hibernian was reproved by an office for daring to whistle in the ranks while going on duty. Just as the officer spoke, one of the enemy's balls came whistling over the ravine. Pat cocked his eye up toward it and quietly said, "There goes a boy on his duty, and by Jabers, hear how he whistles!"

There is but one end to a life of drink, and that is hell. It matters little whether the idea of future torment be admitted or not to make my statement good. A body long abused by drink becomes all we can conceive of in hell. It is the dwelling place of tormenr—the home of horror.—*Timothy Titcomb.*

Latour lost his leg at the battle of Leipsic. After he had suffered amputation with the greatest courage, he saw his servant crying, or pretending to cry, in the corner of the room. "None of your hypocritical tears, you idle dog," said his master; "you know you are glad, for now you will have only one boot to clean instead of two."

Jones, since his marriage, has taken to talk slightingly of the holy estate. Brown was telling him of the death of a mutual friend's wife, whom "the disconsolate" had courted for twenty-eight years and then married. She turned out to be a perfect virago, but died two years after the wedding. "There," said Jones, "there's luck! See what a fellow escaped by a long courtship!"

On the road to the Epsom races a moustached youth, on the top of a drag, evidently ambitious of being mistaken for "an officer," thus saluted a coachman who was gravely driving his master and family: "Hulloa, you sir! where's your shirt collar? How dare you come to Derby without a shiet collar?" John, growled forth, without lifting his eyes from his horse: "Ow the duse could I, when your mother has not sent 'ome my washing?"

One evening Douglas Jerrold was at a party where several other literary men and publishers were assembled, and the conversation turned upon epitaphs. Jerrold gave his opinion that an epitaph should not consist of more than one or two words, including the name. When the laugh had subsided, for no one dreamed he was in earnest, Charles Knight who was present, handed a piece of paper and a pencil to Jerrold, and begged him to write his (Knight's) epitaph. Jerrold took the paper, and instantly wrote down two simple words, "Good night!"

A Small German baron—small in importance, not in stature—had occasion as it seems, to see Baron Rothschild of Frankfort. The great financier was writing away for very life when Baron X. was announced. He did not even lift his eyes, but said, "Take a chair, sir." The baron, with true German touchiness about titles, said, "Sir, indeed! I think M. le Baron did not hear my name. I am a baron also—the Baron X." "Ah! a thousand pardons," said the banker, still writing; "you are a baron—take two chairs then if you will be so kind, and wait till I have finished this letter."

Love.—Love, pure and simple is the very deepest and highest, sweetest and most solemn thing in life—to be believed in devotedly, until it comes; and when it does come, to be held firmly, faithfully, with a single minded, settled constancy, till death—a creed quite impossible, many will say, in this ordinary world, and most dangerous to be put into the head of a poor servant! Yet a woman is but a woman, be she maid-servant, or queen; and, if, from queen to maid-servants girls were taught to think of love, there might be a few more broken hearts, but there would certainly be fewer wicked hearts; far fewer corrupted lives of men, and degraded lives of woman; far fewer unholy marriages and desolated, dreary homes.

The Taylors Falls Reporter.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1864.

For President in 1864,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

ANDREW JOHNSON

OF TENNESSEE.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS—SECOND DISTRICT.

IGNATIOUS DONNELLY.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
Chief Justice—THOMAS WILSON.
Associates—S. J. R. McMILLEN, JOHN M. BERRY.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
CHAS. H. LINDSLEY, JOHN G. BETZ, | J. N. MURDOCK, J. W. MORFORD.

For Judge of District Court,
CHARLES McCLURE.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For Senator.
JOHN McKUSICK.

For Representatives.
ANSELL SMITH, | J. A. HUNTOON, L. J. STARK.

Last Convention Nominees.
LUTHER WYCKOFF.
J. A. HALLBURG.
L. A. HUNTOON.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
S. S. HAMILTON.

FOR CORONER.
HENRY H. BUSH.

News of the Week.

—Price has been completely defeated in Missouri, his army is retreating from the State in fragments. We took 2000 prisoners and nearly all his supplies.—This will probably be the last raid into Missouri.

—Grant is active before Richmond in feeling the strength of the enemy's works and extending the lines around the city.

—A plot has been dicovered to carry New York for McClellan, by changing the votes of the soldiers. The scheme will probably be frustrated by the authorities.

McClellan on Slavery.

There is not a single measure for which the Copperheads find fault with Mr. Lincoln, that has not been approved and recommended by McClellan. The draft, arbitary arrests, confiscation, and even emancipation have all been endorsed by him, Hear him :

"The time has come when the government must determine upon a civil and military policy covering the whole ground of our national trouble. The responsibility of determining, declaring and supporting such civil and military policy, and of directing the whole course of the national affairs in regard to the rebellion, must now be assumed and exercised by you, or our cause will be lost. —The Constitution gives you powers sufficient even for the present terrible emergency."

This will justify any one of the measures taken by the President, and denounced by his supporters as high-handed. But hear him further:

"Slaves contraband under the act of Congress seeking military protection should receive it. The rights of the government to *appropriate permanently* to its own service claims of slave labor should be asserted, and the right of the owner to compensation therefor should be recognized. This principle might be expected, upon grounds of military necessity and security *to all the slaves within a particular State, thus working manumission in such State*; and in Missouri, perhaps in Western Virginia, also, and possibly even in Maryland, the expediency of such a measure is only a question of time."

Here is a complete endorsement of Emancipation, and it is justified, too upon the very grounds set up by the President's friends—"military necessity and security."

It is true that McClellan has gone back on all this. He has eaten his own words, and runs, to-day, as the opponent of his own recommendations. But what of that? The recommendations hold good, he, only, has proved wrong. And a man who repudiates his own words and acts within the short space of three years, is not fit to be President.

THE Advertisement of B. Illingworth of Stillwater wil appear next week.

GEN DIX said—"If any man attempts to pull down the American Flag, shoot him on the spot!"

Gen McClellan says he would "exhaust all the recources of statesmanship to *persuade him to put it up again!*"

But suppose he won't put it up again, then what? "Let him go in peace," says Pendleton, McClellans right bower.

THAD. STEVENS—the old hero—has a way of his own of drawing portraits. Take these two :

If you wish a delicate writer to indite sonnets to a lady's eyebrows, choose McClellan. If you wish a rugged Anglo Saxon writer to rouse a nation. take Lincoln. If they should encounter, either physically or mentally, the giant grip of the rail-splitter will tear the polished dandy from the ground, and hurl him further than an Indian shoots his arrow. Which of these men will you choose to guide the rolling ship in the midst of a storm.

ANOTHER THANKSGIVING.—The President has set apart the last Thursday in November, for a day of Thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God, for among other things vouched to us, many signal victories over the enemy, and recommending his fellow citizens to humble themselves in the dust, and from thence offer up fervent and penitent prayers, and supplications to the Great Disposer of events for a return of the inestimable blessings of peace. Union and harmony throughout the land.

MARYLAND is a free State. She has just adopted a new Constitution abolishing Slavery. The vote on this Constitution, is a test vote also, as to how Maryland will vote for president. And yet while a Slave State nobly comes up to the requirements of the hour, and destroys the man and woman whipping institution, a few Northern men can still be found who are valiently seeking to preserve it from harm.

ASHEL Green, a prominent and lifelong Democrat of Bergen County, N. J., has published his reasons for having determined to vote for Mr. Lincoln. His last one is :

I cannot support General McClellan upon the Chicago platform, nor can I under any circumstances cast my vote for Mr. Pendleton, who is, in my judgement on the vital question of the hour, as heterodox as Jefferson Davis himself.

The Indian War.

A very lengthy report of Gen Sully of his Northwest Indian campaign, is just published. He says he is perfectly satisfied of the impracticability of a road for emigrants over the route. He reports that all the country in the vicinity of the Little Missouri River is broken, and forms excellent protection in every part for small bodies of Indians to torment an emigrant train, and there is certainly no safety in traveling over it until the Indians are exterminated. The Santees on the Monse River are almost starving and want to give themselves up.

THE London *Times*, sharp at scenting a coming disaster and quick at dropping failures of all sorts, thus chucks overboard the McClellan party, in its leader of Oct. 10 :

"According to the present appearance of affairs, the bark of the Democratic party has foundered before it got to sea. History has no greater failure to record than the great Democratic Chicago Convention ; it was summoned apparently for the purpose of pledging the Democratic party to a great principle—the necessity of obtaining peace, if possible, without breaking up the Federal Union; if not, still peace. The resolutions of the convention, taken in connection with the answer of Gen. McClellan, its accepted candidate, entirely negative this view."

HON. BENJAMIN Allen, of New York, said :

"The people will soon rise, and if they cannot put Lincoln out of power by the Ballot, they will by the Bullet." (Loud cheers.)

MR. GEORGE M. Curtis said :

"The Platform at Chicago has been misapprehended by some Democrats, but I wold say to those who may be disaffected, that it recommends a convention of States for the readjustment of our difficulties. (Cheers.) The time has come when we must protect our rights, or we must resort to REAOLUTION.

Such is the spirit and intent of McClellan Democracy. What man with a spark of loyalty and patriotism in his bosom, can endorse a spirit and intent so malign, treasonable, and devilish, by supporting and voting for *George B. McClellan and George H. Pendleton.*

HOME MATTERS.

County Officers.

Clerk of the District Court—Luther Wyckoff.
Register of Deeds—Oscar Roos.
Judge of Probate—L. K Stannard
County Auditor—Otto Wattmark
County Treasurer—William Comer.
Coroner—G. L. Blood
County Surveyor—L. K. Stannard.

SHERIDAN'S MOTTO.—Fight *Early* and fight often.

WHEAT is advancing slowly on account of the rise in gold.

THE first snow of the season fell at Stillwater on Monday last,

WHO will—who can, stay in a party that doesn't cheer when Sheridan wins victories ?

WHY has Abe Lincoln turned out the worst President we ever had ? *Because he turned out James Buchanan.*

LOOK out from now till next Tuesday for all manner of huge electioneering frauds and lies, which will be disseminated by the Copperheads.

DENTAL.—The professional trip of Dr. DeMontreville to Taylors Falls, has in consequense of illness in his family, been postponed until the 14th of november.

THE long continued rain storm which lasted from Tuesday of last week until the first of this gave the country a good wetting down, and caused quite a raise in the river,

THE DRAFT,—The Supplementary Draft for this district commenced at Captain Keith's office at St. Paul on Tuesday Nov. 1st. Three hundred and thirty-seven men were drawn,

LADY'S FRIEND.—The Lady's Friend for November is on our table. This number is if possible, a little ahead of any of the others. The leading steel engraving of this number is indeed beautiful.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—Services will be held at the M. E, Church, on the 5th and 6th inst. Preaching on Saturday evening, at 6½ o'clock, Sunday morning at 10½, by the Presiding Elder, Rev. J. F. Chaffee of Minneapolis. The other exercires as usual.

REV. W. McKINLEY.

ELEVENTH REGIMENT. Private letters state that the Eleventh Regiment is guarding the Railroad between Nashville and the Lentucky line. Some of the boys have had gratified their oft repeated wish to "smell powder," in exchanging shots with guerillas, but "nobody hurt."

DOOR BELLS.—We have on hand and for sale a few of Cone's Patent door bells, which are universally conceded to be the cheapest, simplest, and most efficient bell extant. We would invite all who desire one of these articles to call at our office and examine.

SPRAY.—The Spray has once again favored us with her presence, So few goods are being brought up this season that steamboat arrivals are not as frequent as formerly. Though we think that we can safely calculate on one or two more before navigation entirely closes.

BOAT LAUNCH.—There will be a steamboat launch at Franconia to-day (Saturday,) at 3 P. M. The craft is we believe intended for Capt. Knapp and the St. Croix trade. Those who are desirous of witnessing an interesting affair will do well to be on hand.

WINTER.—We begin to have all the indications of approaching winter. The leaves have nearly all fallen from the trees, and are dritted about by the cold winds of autumn, which chill us to the bone. September an October have been a little dull and cold, and we hope to have some more of the delightful "Indian Summer" to be enjoyed,

MCCLELLAN FLAG.—Our Copperhead friends of Sunsise City on Monday last run up a new McClellan flag, upon which were linked in incongruous union the names of the Democratic Presidential candidates. On inquiry we found that the flag was obtained and run up on the occasion of their rejoicing that they were not worse used up in Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania at the October election.

BEAUREGARD has superseded Hood in command of the rebel army of the West,

HARPER.—The November number of Harpers Magazine closes the twenty-ninth volume. It is filled with good things. The two illustrated articles are especially interesting. The new volume, which commences with the next number, promises unusual attractions.

SEE HERE.—For want of other excitement would not the organization of a Good Templer's Lodge in this place be a very good idea. It is surely needed and could do no harm. A society of this character is an ornament and an honor to any town or comunity. Some one lead off.

SETTING OUT TREES.—This is now the time for property owners to set out trees, They are not only a great addition to lots which are occupied, but they also add 20 per cent to the value of vacant lots and we wonder why more of our citizens do not make the small investment, when they can be so easily obtained. A few trees procured now will in five years add a hundred or more dollars to the value of a lot.

ARRIVED.—We had the pleasure of welcoming back Rev. Wm. McKinley who made his appearance at our sanctum in *propria personae* Wednesday.—He has been unavoidably detained by illness and the hopes of recovering some of the property which was stolen from his home at St, Anthony while he was absent. His loss was between $200 and $300, and will fall heavily upon him.

POLITICAL.—The political elements are quite active as the day of Presidential election approaches. Politics give but little time for other exercises to those who make them their chief business before election. The election will be over now in a few days, and then all will be quiet again, and the beaten party will submit to their fate like good citizens, with the hope of doing better in 1868.

VETERAN.—We last week had the pleasure of welcoming home Elias Hoover, one of the veteran 1st Wisconsin from this vicinity. He has participated in all the battles in which the First acted so gallant a part, and carries about his person two leaden mementoes of his active service. Capt. M. M. Samuels has government contract to furnish logs in which he proposes to adopt some of his Northwestern experiences.

DENTAL.—Dr. Harbaugh, of S. Paul, who has recently associated with Dr. D. C. Price of that city, is in town. He is prepared to receive and execute all work in his line, in the most satisfactory manner. We understand it is his intention to visit this place at regular periods.—Give him a call at Room No. 1 of the Chisago House.

AGAIN has it become our sad duty to record the death of several of our brave defenders, who have gone from here. Thomas Pickett and Duncan McKinsey have recently died in that grim hell hole of suffering the Libby Prison. where our brave boys have been subjected to the utmost of rebel barbarity. Tampered with by those who were secure in their wickedness, with flippant boasting and unseemly jests, while they were passing through the horrid drama of starvation and exposuse. Haunted will it always be by the grim phantoms of want and sorrow, and the suffering and death of millions of our innocent citizens, They enlited in '61 in the 1st Wisconsin infantry, and were captured at the battle of Chickamauga.

John Kellsy a member of Co. C. 7th Minn, Inf't'y has also died in Hospital at Memphis, of Chronic Diarrhoea.

There is also a painful rumor of the death of Eddington Knowles of the 3rd Minn Inf't'y, who was so recently among us on furlough. How long shall these sufferings have to be endured, hearthstones made desolate, and hearts broken in this mad agony of civil war. But they died in faith, faith that their lives have not been offered up in vain, faith that the people will be true to them, True to their traditions and hopes, True to their memories, and those of their fallen comrades, and that they will stand or fall by the unity, supremacy, and the liberty of the Republic.

At the Polls.

On the 8th of November, the great battle for the Union will be fought at the polls. This is conceded by all. The hardest blow that can be struck the already tottering confederacy is to be given by the loyal men who are to reinstate Abraham Lincoln. His election is assured by the October elections, but let no Union man rest until after every vote that can be obtained for Abraham Lincoln, has been polled. Let the majority be made so large, decided, and overwhelming that the rebels. and copperheads will be effectually squelched.—The former for want of Northern aid, and the latter forever as a political element. Let Union men devote the day exclusively to their country. Attend the polls early and remain late. Let every doubtful or illegal vote be stopped, let no unwarantable means be used.—Be vigilant, for all is needed against a desperate opposition. See that a full vote is polled. Raise teams and bring men in. Trust not to the apparent strength of the Union party. Let no man remain at home that will vote the Union Ticket. See that every union man is got to the polls. Beware of fraud in your tickets, vote the straight Union Ticket. Let there be no apathy in the Union ranks, Every man to his post.

INDIAN SCARE.—Some few persons whose fears gained the ascendancy over there discretion and good sense, have been busying themselves in giving credence to the report of Indian outrages in diffirent parts of the country above us. Now we have taken pains to inquire with referance to the thousand rumors and find that they are *all without the least foundation.* Some of them have however been started for culpable reasons and to futrher personal ends and aims There is one fact however that cannot be overlooked and that is that an Indian when under the influence of liquor will after the fashion of his enlightened (?) white brethern commit more or less outrages and crimes and the only apparent way to avoid it is to put a stop to the accursed Indian traffic in rot-gut whisky considerable of which, and it is with the utmost regret we say it, is carried on in this very community and under the most respectable guise. And so long as we allow this to go on, so long should we submit and without complaint to the savage indignities of these barbarians, which in their worst features can scarcely excell the damnable meanness and wickedness of an Indian whisky-trader. At their doors, and that of the good people who permit this nefarious business let the responsibility and blame lie.

A CARD.

To the Democrats of Chisago and Polk.

Having frequently heard it insinuated that I refused my Hall to Mr. John M Gilman, and gave it to Ignatious Donnelly, for speaking purposes. I reply, no application was made for the Hall for Gilman, and the Democrats who report that the Hall was refused them, simply *lie.* Had the Democrats possessed manhood sufficient to have asked for it, they could have had the use of it

W. H. C. FOLSOM.

State News

THIS State has furnished 2,460 to the army under the July call. Good for Minnesota.

COL. CROOKS, it is stated has resigned the command of the 6th regiment, in consequence of ill health. He is at present in command of the district of Helena, Arkansas.

THE residence and barn of John Luke on the St. Anthony road, about a mile from St. Paul, were destroyed by fire on the evening of the 19th inst. Loss $3,500. No insurance.

UNDER recent regulations of the War Department, Gen. Pope has ordered that the military district of Minnesota being composed of mixed troops equivalent to a brigade, be hereafter designated as a seperate brigade. The effect of this order is to enlarge the authority of General Sibley in the District, making his more nearly a separate command,

COL. MATTSON, of the Third regiment writes to Adjutant General Malmros that he reached Duvall's Bluff, Arkansas, on the 17th of October, with the men he recently took back from this State. The regiment has been ordered from Pine to Duvall's Bluff. At the former place it was very unhealthy, and the men suffered greatly, but they are now improving.

General News,

EIGHTEEN thousand miners are now on a strike in England.

MINERS in Idaho get $12 per day. Shoeing a span of horses costs $12.

"WE seceded to rid ourselves of the rule of the majority."—*Jefferson Davis.*

THE Portland Match Company will pay a tax of $24.000 a year on the matches they manufacture.

A LONDON correspondent says it is proposed to send the Prince of Wales to Dublin as viceroy of Ireland.

SOME of the slaveholders in lower Maryland are hold their slaves to try the question of emancipation in the courts.

AN official dispatch from St. Louis says the famous guerrilla fiend Bill Anderson was killed on Thursday in Ray county.

THE last European steamer brings news that the pirate Semmes is again at sea, in command of a swift and strong steamer named the Ranger.

GENERAL Garfield's majority for reelection to Congress from Ohio has been figured up as high as 12,000. Might as well stop counting now.

GREEN, THE MURDERER.—The murderer of the boy bank-teller at Malden, Edward W. Green, will probably be executed on Friday, January 13th, 1862.

SOUTHERN papers report yellow fever raging at Charleston. It was brought in by a blockade runner. It is also violent at Wilmington and Newbern.

GEN. GRANT voted for Buchanan in 1826 and for Douglas in 1860. His father voted for Fremont and Lincoln, Both will vote the same ticket this time.

IT is asserted that Wheeler, the rebel guerrilla chief, offered recently to release a number of prisoners of the 15th Ohio in his possession, if they would promise to vote for McClellan, Soldier-like, they said they would see him "d——d first."

Mr. Pendleton was in Daytan Thursday evening, and was serenaded, and made the following very "able and eloquent" speech :

"Fellow-citizens : I did not come here to make a political speech. I am very thankful for the honor you have conferred upon me."

PARSON Brownlow says that full half the slaveholders of Tennessee are for Lincoln, not because they approve all his acts, but because they consider him the man to put down the rebellion, and that those who are for McClellan are traitors at heart, who do not want the rebellion put down.

"Our success in battle," says the Charleston *Courier* "insures the success of McClellan." Such is the voice of South Carolina, that old democratic State, which voted for Van Buren, Polk, Pierce, Buchanan, and Breckinridge. Luckily, they have no "success in battle."

GEN. BEAUREGARD recently made a speech at Augusta, Georgia. in which he said :

"*I fired the first gun at Fort Sumpter,* and I hope to live long enough to fire the last." So Beauregard is the "Black Republican" who began "the war for the negro."

THE New York McClellanites having declared that the price of flour and provisions will go up if Lincoln is elected, a respectable flour dealer offered to sell 1,000 barrels of extra State flour at any time within the next four years, for $7.-75 per barrel it Lincoln is elected. None of the McClellanities accepted the offer.

"Two years of War," said Henery Ward Beecher, "and we have conquered half the rebel territory, hold the keys of the whole, and have nearly destroyed the military strength of the rebellion in the field. All this in two years of war." "*Four* years you mean," said a bystander. "No," responded Mr. Beecher. "I said two years of *war.* In the first two Gen. McClellan was in command!"

Whitney's Gallery—St Paul,
Photographs, Frames for Photographs,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

General quality of work - the best in the West, and as good as anywhere.

Special Notice.

On Monday, Nov. 14th Dr. DeMontreville Dentist of St. Paul will make his annual visit to Taylors Falls, and remain a few days. Those desirous of his services will please call early to ensure attention.

LOST.

On the 24th inst., on the Sunrise Road, between Taylors Falls and John Dobney's, a SMALL BLACK WALLET with elastic band, containing between $4 and $6, a small picture gem, a society badge, and a photograph negative. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Legals.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a mortgage deed bearing date June 16th A. D. 1858, Nathan C. D. Taylor and Patrick Fox of the town of Taylors Falls, Chisago County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, conveyed to Amadee Berthold of the city and County of St. Louis, Missouri, as mortgagee, certain premises situate in the County of Pine and State of Minnesota and in the said indenture of mortgage described as follows, to-wit.—The north-east quarter of north-west quarter of section eighteen, township forty north of Range nineteen west; South-east Quarter of north-east quarter of section twelve township forty north of range twenty west; South half of north-west quarter and north west quarter of north-west quarter of section eighteen township forty north of range nineteen west; north-east quarter of south east quarter of section six township thirty-nine north, range nineteen west; east half of south east quarter of section twelve township forty north, range twenty west; north west quarter of south-west of section seven township forty north, range nineteen west; west half of north-east quarter of section eighteen, township thirty-nine north, range nineteen west; west half of south-east quarter of section eighteen, township thirty-nine north range nineteen west; east half of south-east quarter of section eight township forty north range nineteen west; west half of southeast quarter of section eight township forty north range nineteen west; east half of south west quarter of section eight township forty north, range nineteen west; west half of south west quarter of section seventeen township forty north, range nineteen west; north east quarter of south-west quarter of section seventeen township forty north range nineteen west; south-east quarter of north-east quarter of section eighteen township forty north range nineteen west; north-east quarter of south west quarter of section eighteen township forty north, range nineteen west; south west quarter of south west quarter and south-west quarter of south east quarter of section eighteen township forty north range nineteen west; west half of south-west quarter and south-east quarter of south west quarter of section twenty township forty north, range twenty west, according to government survey and containing one thousand one hundred and sixty acres or thereabouts with full power of sale of the said above described premises and default being made in the conditions of said mortgage deed therein contained, which said mortgage deed was given to secure payment of the sum of seven thousand seven hundred seventy-seven dollars and thirty six cents, according to the terms of two promissory notes in said indenture described and default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage deed and in the payment of the said sum of seven thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven and thirty six hundredths dollars, and there is now due on said mortgage the sum of nine thousand seven hundred and eighty seven dollars and forty-seven cents. Now therefore notice is hereby given that the said mortgaged premises will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Pine at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Saturday the twentieth day of August A. D. 1864 at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Pine, Minnesota in the town of Chengwatana in said County to pay the said sum of nine thousand seven hundred and eighty seven and forty seven hundredths dollars together with the expenses of said sale.

Dated July 24 A. D. 1864.

AMANDEE BERTHOLD.
by AD. MUSER, his Attorney. Mortgagee.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF CHISAGO } ss
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of John Peterson late of Chisago County deceased

Upon reading and filing the petition of Gustaf Johnson praying, for reasons therein set forth that letters of administration issue to him to administer upon the estate of John Peterson late of Chisago County deceased;

It is ordered that said application be heard at the office of Judge of Probate in Taylors Falls in said County on Monday the 27th day of September next at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

And it is further ordered that notice be given to the next of kin and all other persons interested in said estate to be and appear before the undersigned at the time and place above mentioned to show cause if any they have against the granting of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Taylors Falls REPORTER, a weekly newspaper published in Chisago County.

L. K. STANNARD,
Judge of Probate.

Dated Taylors Falls, Aug. 31st.

SHERIFF'S SALE,

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF CHISAGO. }

In the District Court, 1st Judicial District.

Albert Plimpton, John H. Stephenson, Abraham Remick and George W. Stephenson, partners under firm name of Plimpton, Stephenson & Co., against Ansell Smith.

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court aforesaid, in and for the county and State aforesaid, in the above entitled action, and to me directed and delivered, commanding me to make and collect out of the personal property of Ansell Smith the defendant above named, not exempt from execution, that shall be found in my county the sum of four hundred and sixty-six and eighty four hundredths dollars, with interest thereon from the 7th day of May 1864, and expenses of sale, and in case no personal property can be found then to make the said amount out of the real property of said defendant situate in my county, and no personal property having been found by me, I have seized and levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Ansell Smith in the several pieces and parcels of land hereinafter described:—Now therefore notice is hereby given that on Saturday the twenty-first day of August A. D. 1864, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon at the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Chisago County, Minnesota, in the town of Taylors Falls in said County, I shall offer for sale at public vendue as the law directs, the following pieces and parcels of land situate in the County of Chisago aforesaid, and known and described as follows, to wit:—all of the portion of lot one [1] in section ten [10] township thirty three north of range 19 west, not surveyed and platted into town lots, as part of the town of Franconia estimated to contain forty acres; also that portion of lot nine [9] of section two [2] township thirty three north range nineteen west, which has not been surveyed and platted into town lots as part of the town of Franconia, estimated to contain thirty acres, also the north east quarter of the south east quarter of section eighteen [18] in township thirty-three north of range nineteen west; also the undivided two-fifth part of a certain lot or parcel of land in said town of Franconia, known and described as the "Mill Reserve" as the said town was surveyed and platted by H. H. Newberry, Esq., and is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Chisago County aforesaid together with the steam saw mill, booms and fixtures thereon standing and being and all the appurtenances and heriditaments thereunto appertaining, and all the right, title, interest and estate which the said Ansell Smith had on the 7th day of May 1864 in and to the above described premises, on which the said Ansell Smith shall since have acquired therennto, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to satisfy the said execution, with interest and expenses of sale.

Dated June 29th, 1864.

J. J. MOSHER,
Sheriff of Chisago County, Minn.

H. N. SETZER,
Plaintiff's Att'y. n34-7t

Miscellaneous.

The New York Weekly Herald.

THE CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE WORLD.

The extensive and comprehensive facilities in its possession enables the proprietor of the Weekly Herald to guarantee the latest and most reliable information possibly to be obtained, not only from all parts of the United states, but from all parts of the world.

Its home correspondents, engaged at heavy cost, and connected with each naval and military expedition of the government, prove that it is determined to leave no spot uncovered by its operations and no event can occur that shall not find immediate report in its columns. It costs the proprietor over one hundred thousand dollars per year to maintain its corps or correspondents in the field.

In its collation of Foreign News the Herald has for years held a high position, and it will endeavor in the future to maintain the stand it has assumed. It has special correspondents stationed in all the principal cities of the world.

Its telegraphic arrangements extend to wherever the electric wires are stretched.—When the atlantic cable is laid, which feat will soon be accomplished, telegrams will be received from Europe and asia, as well as from the United states. Then our readers will have the events of the week from all parts of the world regularly laid before them.

The proprietor devotes a portion of the paper to Literature, Fashion, the mechanic arts Business, Financial Reports, cattle markets, General News and reports of al events calculated to form an excellent metropolitan newspaper—a weekly photographic view of the events of the world at a very low figure.

The weekly Herald is issued every saturday morning and furnished at the following rates:

One copy, one year	$ 2 00
Three copies, for one year	5 00
Five copies for one year	8 00
Ten copies, for one year	15 00

Any larger number addressed to names of subscribers, $1,50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty copies to one address, one year, $29, and any larger number at same price.

The Daily Herald $10 per year. $5 for six months; $2.50 for three months.

There are no traveling agents.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
Editor and Proprietor.
Northwest cor. Fulton & Nassau sts.
New York city, N. Y.

LEVY & DANIELS

Have in store a large assortment of

Ladies Dress Goods,
Sheetings,
Shirtings,
Ticking,
Flannels
of all kinds,
Table Cloths,
Napkins,
Towelings,
Towels,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Vestings,
Hosiery,
Woolen & Cotton Yarns,
Zephyr & Shetland Worsted,
Hoop Skirts,
Balmoral Skirts,
Shawls,
Circulars,
Sacques,
Mantillas,
Embroidered Collars,

Sleeves, Handkerchiefs Frock Waists, Infants Dresses, Shirt Bosoms, Under Garments for Men Women and Children, Oil Cloths and Carpets, a full assortment of Millinery Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Groceries of all kinds Crockery and Glass Ware, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for Cash only

Stillwater, July 1864. LEVY & DANIELS.

$75 Agents Wanted. $150

To sell Sewing Machines. We will give 2 commission on all machines sold, or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expenses paid. Address, D. L. HERRICK & Co., Detroit, Mich.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the name of Smith and Castellow is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. John Smith is authorized to settle and close all matters pertaining to the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account at his old stand.

Taylors Falls, Minn. Sept. 13th, 1864.

J. H. SMITH.
J. T. CASTELLOW.

MATRIMONIAL!

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

If you wish to marry, address the undersigned, who will send you without money and without price, valuable information that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth or beauty. This information will cost you nothing, and if you wish to marry I will cheerfully assist you.—All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail and no questions asked, address

Sarah B. Lambert, Greenpoint, Kings Co
51 26 NEW YORK.

CHISAGO HOUSE,

TAYLOR FALLS - - MINNESOTA

J. D. BALLARD, Proprietor.

This hotel is well fitted up and affords the very best of accomodations. The tables are at all times furnished with the very best the market affords and no pains or expense will be spared to render guests comfortable.—Meals prepared on the shortest notice.

A good stable is also attached to the house with careful and attentive ostlers so that beast as well as man will receive good care.

L. WYCKOFF. J. H. CLARK, R. W. CLARK

WYCKOFF, CLARK, & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Yankee Notions,
Hats, Caps, Glassware,
Crockery, Hardware, and

GROCERIES,

At the Old Stand Mosher & Humphrey, on the Corner of Government and First Streets,

ARE SELLING OUT THEIR LARGE STOCK OF

NEW GOODS,

They are preparing for the Spring Trade, but have a large and well selected stock of EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS, WHICH ARE OFFERED to the public at prices

DEFYING COMPETITION.

They believe that the Trading Public can do no better than BY CALLING AND EXAMINING THEIR STOCK AND PRICES before purchasing elsewhere.

All kinds of Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.

Taylor's Falls, November 26, 1863. n3

1864. 1864.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, WINES CIGARS, &C., &C.

Jackson Street between Levee and Third Streets,

n48 SAINT PAUL.

Furniture! Furniture!!

AT THE

New Cabinet Shop,

IN

TAYLORS FALLS, MINNESOTA.

The subscriber has opened a Cabinet Shop at the stand formerly occupied by J. A. Whitney, and keeps constantly on hand or made to order,

Bureaus, Bedsteads,
Lounges, Chairs, Tables,
Secretaries,
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
AND ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

Furniture Repaired!

No person should fail to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

All orders in the Cabinet line promptly attended to.

Coffins made on shortest notice.

Turning done to order.

A good stock of seasoned lumber on hand.

LEONARD F. BULLARD

Taylors Falls, May 21st 1864.

BUY YOUR WINES, LIQUORS & Segars of

PAYNE BROTHERS,

Opposite the Chisago House

They have large variety, including Brandies, Wines, Whiskey, and Segars of choice and popular brands.

This is the place for you to apply if you wish to get a number one article.

A Good Billiard Room is also attached.

JAMES PAYNE, JOHN PAYNE,
Taylors Falls, July 21, 1864. 37-1y

FISH'S

LAMP HEATING APPARATUS

BOILING—FRYING—STEWING—STEEPING

WITH THE FLAME THAT LIGHTS THE ROOM

* * * * By the flame of a common lamp at the cost of a cent worth of oil, a very comfortable breakfast can be cooked * * —N. Y. Tribune.

* * * Simple in construction, easily kept in order, ready for use in a moment, * * convenient to have on hand * * —Druggist's Circular.

* * * Fish's lamp is one of the most popular novelties of the day * * the utility of it is unquestionable, a great saving is made in heating and cooking small articles, and can be made to cook meals for a great many persons, which is actually done on the ambulance cars which carry sick soldiers * * —Scientific American

—— For family use, hospital, tent, barracks, picnics fishing, nursery or sick room, it is an article of comfort beyond all proportion to its cost.—Hall's Journal of Health.

—— I have tried the apparatus, and my wife and I proclaim the same a most valuable and indispensable article, and we now wonder how we could have so long done without it.—Ed Coal Oil Circular.

—— An economical contrivance for getting up heat at short notice for nursery and general household purposes, one important point is the saving in cost over coal fires.—N. Y. Evening Post.

PRICES FROM TWO TO SIX DOLLARS
CAPACITY FROM ONE TO FOUR QUARTS.
TO SEE ARTICLES COOKED AT ONE TIME WITH THE BURNER

Arranged for Kerosene, Coal Oil or Gas
A Descriptive Pamphlet of thirty pages furnished gratis
ALSO

THE UNION ATTACHMENT.
Price 50 Cents

To be attached to a common Kerosene Lamp or Gas Burner, by which Water may be Boiled and Food cooked; also arranged to support a shade.

EVERY FAMILY NEEDS ONE.

WM. D. RUSSEL, Agent,
No. 206 Pearl St., New York.
AGENTS WANTED.

Whitney's CABINET

FURNITURE

of every description kept constantly on hand or made to order.

BUREAUS PLAIN AND FANCY FALL-LEAF, EXTENSION AND CENTRE TABLES; SECRETARIES, BOOK - CASES, WASH, FALL - LEAF AND LIGHT STANDS, LOCKERS, CHESTS WITH DRAWERS, ENCLOSED AND COMMON SINKS, CUP - BOARDS, WARD-ROBES, CHILDREN'S CRIBS, CRIB BED-STEADS AND EVERY OTHER DESCRIPTION OF BEDSTEADS, LOUNGES; COMMON, ROCKING, BAR-ROOM AND DINING ROOM CHAIRS; high and low

CHILDREN'S CHAIRS,

Stools, and in fact everything in the furniture line.

COFFINS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Job turning and scroll sawing executed with neatness and despatch.

SAWS SET AND FILED.

Having on hand a well selected stock of seasoned lumber, suitable for the manufacture of furniture — an extensive experience in the business, and first class workmen in my employ, I can warrant every article taken from my shop.

Terms cash or ready pay

J. A. WHITNEY.

Osceola Mills, June 11, 1864.

SAWYER HOUSE,

SECOND STREET STILLWATER, MINN.

A. & J. LOWELL, PROPRIETORS.

This house has recently been renovated and refurnished throughout; is desirably located, being convenient to the business portion of the city, and commanding a full view of Lake St. Croix, the most beautiful sheet of water in the Northwest, together with the romantic surroundings of the city.

The tables are furnished with the greatest variety and the choicest the market affords: and no attention will be wanting to render the stay of guests every way pleasant. On the arrival of boats, carriages will always be in waiting to convey guests to and from the House

FREE OF CHARGE.

As a place of summer resort, the city of Stillwater and its surroundings present attractions excelled by few other points in the country. Innumerable Lakes abound within convenient drive of the city, plentifully supplied with all kinds of fish, and the prairies and surrounding forests abound with game—desirable requisites to pleasure seekers and tourists.

Boats run regularly to the celebrated Falls of St. Croix, passing through the most wild and romantic scenery in the western country, and connecting with all the Mississippi steamers. Coaches or boats run regularly between the city and St. Paul and all the adjacent towns.

Lake St. Croix is a magnificent sheet of water—being 30 miles in length, and from three-fourths to three miles in width. Fine sail-boats for the accomonation of pleasure parties, can be secured at all times at this House.

Terms as low as any other First Class Hotel.

March 28, 1863. tf.

Folsom's Adv't.

New Goods!!

A Well Selected Stock of

FASHIONABLE,
SEASONABLE,
and SERVICABLE

goods, well adapted to the market, at

W. H. C. FOLSOM'S.

PLOWS & HARDWARE at FOLSOM'S.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS at FOLSOM'S.

CLOTHING & HATS at FOLSOM'S.

LADIES' STRAW HATS AND BONNETS at FOLSOM'S.

DRY & MISCELLANEOUS GOODS at FOLSOM'S.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY at W. H. C. FOLSOM'S.

I will also pay

CASH!

FOR CORN,
OATS,
BEANS,
WHEAT,
BARLEY,
RYE, AND
POTATOES.

Taylors Falls, May 14th, 1864.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

INSURE WITH THE

1. Fire and Inland Navigation Risks—accepted, now as heretofore, at fair rates and liberal conditions.
2. Business conducted—with constant dispatch and accuracy.
3. Losses—always met with promptness and complete justice.

Net Assets January, 1864.

$3,002,556.39

4. The Plan of organization—of the Ætna, after 45 years severe trial, has realized the greatest public advantage and success of the various systems of Fire Insurance in the country, is now better than ever prepared for duty.
5. 16,000 Loss Claims have been settled and paid—sixteen Millions of Dollars!
6. The Consumption of Property by Fire—in the United states averages over $100,000 daily. Is your property exposed and unprotected?
7. are You Insured?—If not, why not? The cost is trifling; the duty is manifest; the result may be your escape from ruin while delay and neglect may involve you in bankruptcy, poverty or cruel disappointment.
8. Particular attention—and regard is given to small risks as well as large one. Able security and superior commercial advantages afforded.

Policies Issued without Delay.

G. M. STICKNEY, Agent.

WANTED!

Subscribers For The Reporter.

We will take on subscription everything that a Family can use,

WOOD,
WHEAT,
BUTTER,
EGGS,
POTATOES,
& MONEY.

The REPORTER is a Newspaper in every respect calculated for family reading, every issue containing besides the latest news, both local and general, an interesting story, valuable receipts, and a large assortment of miscellaneous reading, interspersed with a good selection of humorous items.

Legals.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment and conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 14th day of July A. D., 1859 Excuted and delivered by Henry Norburn of Anoka County and State of Minnesota to Charles H. Oakes, of Ramsey County and State aforesaid. Which Mortgage was duly recorded in the Office of the Register of Deed. of the County of Chisago and State of Minnesota on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1859 at eight o'clock P. M., in Book "C," of Mortgages on pages 243 and 254, of the records of said County, in and by which Mortgage said Mortgagor sold, conveyed and mortgaged to said Charles H. Oakes, his heirs and assigns, the following lands and premises lying and being in the County of Chisago and State of Minnesota, and described in said mortgage as follows, to wit: The undivided four fifths (4-5) of the north west quarter and of the west one half [½] of the north east quarter and of the west half of the south west quarter of section two [2] and of the east half [½] of the south east quarter and of the north west quarter of the south east quarter of section eleven [11] all in Township thirty-six [36] north of Range No. twenty-one [21] west.—Also, the undivided two-third parts [⅔] of the east half [½] of the north east quarter and of the north half [½] of the south east quarter of section No. two [2] and of west half [½] of the north west quarter of section No. one [1] all in Township No. thirty-six [36] north of Range twenty-one [21] west of the 4th principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of two thousand dollars, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum, in one year from the date of said Mortgage.

According to the terms and conditions of a certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage executed and delivered by said Henry Norburn to said Charles H. Oakes, and which mortgage contains a power of sale duly recorded with said mortgage.

And, whereas, there was due and unpaid upon the property described in said mortgage, delinquent taxes lawfully assessed thereon for the years 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860 and 1861 and for penalties, interest and charges thereon amounting in all to the sum of $180,00 which sum the said Mortgagee did pay to the Treasurer of said Chisago County, on or about the 29th day of July, 1864, and which sum and interest said Mortgagee claims as an additional lien on the said mortgaged lands pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided.

And, whereas, no proceedings have been taken or had at law, or otherwise, to recover the amount secured to be paid by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and there is now due and unpaid upon said mortgage the sum of $2783,33 as principal and interest thereon and the further sum of $180,00 for taxes paid as aforesaid

Therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the above described mortgaged lands and premises by the sheriff of the said County of Chisago, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds of said Chisago County in Taylors Falls in said County, on the fourteenth [14th] day of November, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to satisfy the amount then due upon said mortgage and for taxes paid as aforesaid and the expenses of said sale.

CHARLES H. OAKES, Mortgagee.
VAN ETTEN & OFFICER Att'ys for Mortgagee.
n46-t-n52 Dated, Sept 14th, 1864, St Paul Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a mortgage deed bearing date the sixth day of July, 1857, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for Chisago County, Minnesota, on the ninth day of July, 1857, in Book 'B' of Mortgages, pages 260 and 261, Lorenzo O. Lowdon and Nancy E. Lowdon his wife as mortgagors, conveyed to John Warner of Greenwich, in the State of Massachusetts as mortgagee, certain premises described in said indenture, as follows, to wit:—The north east quarter of section number seventeen, in Township thirty-five north of range nineteen west, situate in Chisago County aforesaid, which said mortgage contained the usual power of sale: The said John Warner afterwards by instrument in writing assigned said mortgage to Zeba Snow, which said assignment is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds aforesaid, on the 21st day of June 1858, in Book 'B' of Mortgages, page 592. The said Zeba Snow and John Warner afterwards by instrument in writing assigned said mortgage to William Mallery on the third day of November, 1859, which said last assignment is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds aforesaid, on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1864, in Book 'C' of mortgages, pages 578 and 579, The amount due on said mortgage at the time of the first publication of this notice is the sum of three hundred and ninety-one dollars, and default having been made in the payment of said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage. Now therefore notice is hereby given that the said mortgaged premises, to wit:—The north-east quarter of section seventeen, in township thirty-five, north of range nineteen west, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, by the Sheriff of Chisago County aforesaid on Saturday the 10th day of December, 1864, at one o'clock P. M., at the Office of the Register of Deeds of Chisago County in the Town of Taylors Falls in said County.

Dated October 22nd, 1864,

WILLIAM MALLERY,
Assignee of Mortgagee,

H. N. SETZER,
Attorney for Assignee. 50-2 4

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

For the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with virulent and chronic diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the sexual organs.

Medical advice given gratis, by the acting Surgeon.

Valuable reports on Spermatorrhoea or Seminal Weakness, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. n11

A LOT OF OLD NEWSpapers for sale at this office.

Miscellaneous.

MME. DEMOREST'S
QUARTERLY
MIRROR OF FASHIONS.

Each number contains large and magnificent Fashion Plates, splendid illustrations of all the fashionable novelties for ladies' and children' Dress, practical information, and four life-size Patterns, etc., etc. Yearly, $1; single copies twenty five cents. Published at Mme. Demorest's Emporium of Fashions, 473 Broadway, N. Y.

SPLENDID AND VALUABLE PREMIUMS!!!

To each yearly subscriber will be sent a check which will entitle them to the selection of 50 cents worth of Extra Patterns, and a splendid Carte de Visite of Gen. Tom Thumb and Wife, Com. Nutt, Minnie Warren, and P. T. Barnum, Esq., the live in a Group.

For a club of three subscribers at $1 each, will be sent an extra copy of the Mirror of Fashions for one year, or a superior gold pen.

For a club of 6 at $1 each will be sent Peterson's, or Arthur's, magazine for one year or a splendid Photograph Album.

For a club of 8, Godey's Lady's Book, or a Gold Pen and Silver Extension Pen and Pencil Case.

A Club of 10, a Self-tucking Attachment, or a full set of Steel or Gilt Combs.

A Club of 65, a Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machine, with attachments.

A Club of 75, a splendid patent lever Gold Watch.

Stoves and Tinware.

JUST RECEIVED!

I now offer the latest and most desirable

Patterns of Stoves,

AND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

TIN WARE,

to the trade, which will be sold as near Chicago and Milwaukee prices, as the extra expense of laying down the goods in this market will allow.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for

TINWARE, STOVE PIPE, &C., &C.

An examination of stock, prices, &c., is solicited.

☞All kinds of Jobbing and Custom work done, and all work warranted.

Call at the old stand, on First Street near the bridge.

THOMAS LACY.

Taylors Falls May 21st 1864.

A. BLAKEMAN,
Dealer in
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
SILVER & PLATED WARE.
126 Third Street, - - Saint Paul Minnesota.
Four doors below Thompson's Bank.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired by experienced workmen. 27-n52

JOSEPH I. BEAUMONT,
DEALER IN
Teas, Coffees, Spices, Sugars, Syrups, and all goods pertaining to the business of a
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Including Tobacco, Cigars, Wines, Liquors, and Pure Old Rye and Bourbon Whiskies.

Please call and examine this stock, before purchasing.

☞Corner Third and Jackson Street, ☜ SAINT PAUL.

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Manuf'ct'rs of Photographic Materials,
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Card Photographs.

Our catalogue embraces considerably over FOUR THOUSAND different subjects [to which additions are constantly being made] of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz.:

72 Major Generals, 190 Brigadier Generals, 250 Colonels, 84 Lieut. Colonels, 207 Other Officers, 60 Navy Officers, 525 Statesmen, 27 Divines, 116 Authors, 30 Artists, 112 Female Actors, 46 Prominent Women, 147 Prominent Foreign Portraits, 2,500 copies of Works of Art, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for one dozen pictures from our Catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1,80, and sent by mail FREE.

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of these we manufacture a great variety ranging in price from 50 cts. to $50.

Our albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of 6 cts. per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express. We also keep a large assortment of

Friends of relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their faces to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

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TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.

Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

Miscellaneous.

FINKLE & LYON'S
Sewing Machines.

These Machines make the lock-stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread loop stitch Machines do; will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, &c., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the lightest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of thread, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever!!!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident, it is readily replaced.

These are PECULIAR FACTS and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE OR SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

N. B. Local Agents wanted in sections not yet occupied. Address,

Finkle & Lyon S. M. Co.
No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
v1-n1-1y.

WOOL CARDING!

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!!

MESSRS. EASTMAN, GIBSON & CO., Having purchased the

CARDING MACHINE

Of A. WALCOTT, are prepared to

CARD WOOL

In the most thorough manner.

They have engaged a competent man, and having thoroughly repaired the Machine, feel satisfied the work can be done better than ever before.

Until their

WOOLEN MILL

Is finished, the machine will be run in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Walcott.

The Highest Market Price Paid for Wool.

n40 EASTMAN, GIBSON & CO.

NEW ST. CROIX PACKET,
SPRAY.
H. H. HERRICK - - Master.
Daily Line from Taylors Falls to Stillwater.

GOOD CONNECTIONS WITH ST. PAUL STAGES.

Hereafter the Steamer SPRAY will run daily between Taylors Falls and Stillwater.—Leaving Taylors Falls at 6½ A. M. and returns the same evening, carrying freight and passengers. Passengers will reach Stillwater in time to take dinner before the St. Paul stages leave.

WOOL CARDING & SPINNING AT ST. ANTHONY,

Over Morrison & Prescott's Mill.

The subscribers will be prepared to receive Wool for the purpose of

CARDING INTO ROLLS

The last week in July. Having given good satisfaction to all of our customers with the first Machines started at St. Anthony Falls, would guarantee we shall continue to do the same. Will commence to spin

STOCKING

And other yarn in September. Bring your Wool well cleansed and free from sticks and burs.

1-40 D. LEWIS & CO.

1864 1864

D. W. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Commission, Forwarding, Receiving
AND
STORAGE.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Produce.

Agents for the sale of Railroad and Steamboat Tickets.

General Steamboat Agents and Bill collectors.

☞N. B. Cash paid for produce at all times.

BROWN WAREHOUSE, LOWER LEVEE, Stillwater Minn.

St. Paul Advertisements.

A. H. Cathcart. J. W. Cathcart.
CATHCART & Co.,
Dealers in Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
132 Third Street, Saint Paul, Minn.,

E. C. LAMBERT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Third Above Robert St., Saint Paul, Minnesota.

WATSON, BENSMORE & CO.,
Manufacturers and dealers in
BREAD, CAKES, CRACKERS, CONFECTIONARY, ALSO,
Palmer's Celebrated Vinegar,
Carbon Oil, Burning Fluid and Benzole,
At North-Western Steam Bakery, corner of Robert Street and Levee, Saint Paul 3

SIGN OF THE BLACK BEAR.

The highest price paid in cash for **HIDES AND FUR,** by

Kessler & Reihl.

Wholesale and retail dealers in Leather, Saddlery, Hardware, Plastering hair, Leather Belting, Findings, &c. Mackubin's building, 306 Third street,
Saint Paul, Minnesota 34-6m

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PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE GALLERY,
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ESTABLISHED in 1850.

Photographs & Ambrotypes of every style. Stereoscopic and other Views of Minnesota Scenery. Photographs of Indians, &c., &c. Frames for Photographs, Engravings, &c., always on hand and procured to order at short notice u30-6m*

MOFFET'S HOTEL,
St. Paul, Minnesota.
Corner of Fourth and Jackson Streets.

S. B. CHILDS, - - - PROPRIETOR,
S. W. PAYNE, Clerk.

Stages leave this house daily for all parts of Minnesota. Good stabling in connection with the house. 27is12m.

CUTTER, SECOMBE & Co.,
Manufacturers and
DEALERS IN PAPER
Of every Description,
STATIONERY AND PRINTING MATERIALS.
220 Third Street, St. Paul.
Cash Paid For Rags and Rope. 29 6m

R. O. STRONG'S
CARPET HALL,
225 Third street, (Roger's lock,)
SAINT PAUL. - - - MINNESOTA.

Importer dealer in and manufacturer of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Curtain Materials and Trimmings, Upholstering and Furnishing Goods, Window Shades, Wall Paper, Mattresses, Feathers &c. 27n4)

THEIMANN'S HALL
C. A. THIEMANN,
Restaurant & Saloon,
Jackson St. between 4th and 5th.
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

The choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars, to be had at the bar.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
N. POTTGIESER, Proprietor.
Corner of Wabashaw and Fifth Streets,
ST. PAUL, - - INN,
LOCATED IN CENTER OF THE CITY.

Baggage taken to and from the boats and cars free of charge. Good stable attached 14n5thm24.

SAINT PAUL IRON STORE.
NICOLS, DEAN & CO.,
Dealers in
Iron, Nails.
Steel, Plows
Axes, Springs
Axles, Anvils,
Vices,
Bellows, and Heavy Hardware Generally.
Also Agricultural Implements, Vulcanized Rubber and Leather Belting, Grindstones, Pittsburgh Coal, &c., &c.
Agents for Threshing and Reaping Machines, Herring & Co's Celebrated Fire-Proof Safes. Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

AGENTS WANTED!

All over the country, to push the sale of

THE DACOTAH WAR-WHOOP,

The best history of the SIOUX WAR published. Price, $1,25. Any person wishing to spend the winter East, can

PAY ALL EXPENSES

by going into this. It sells for less money, **Quicker Sales, and Larger Profits** than any other book.

Sample copy sent by mail on receipt of price. Address the publisher.

D. D. MERRILL,
St. Paul, Minnesota,

St. Paul Advertisements.

C. D. STRONG
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN
HARDWARE AND STOVES,
123 THIRD STREET, ABOVE ROBERT,
Saint Paul, Minnesota.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
STOVES,
TINER'S STOCK, AND METALS,
Together with Manufactured
TIN,
COPPER,
BRASS,
AND SHEET
IRON WARE,
kept constantly on hand. Also a full supply of
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
GLASS, NAILS,
CUTLERY AND MECHANICS' TOOLS,
of all kinds. St. Paul, May 21st '64.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000

Of them in use in this country and Europe.

They are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available a lifetime.**

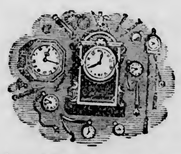
Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Class Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, agent,
264 Third street, St. Paul.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S



Fashionable Jewelry Store.
Third street, St. Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of the saint Croix Valley are invited to call and examine the LARGEST & CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

Clocks, silver Ware, Plated Ware, Diamond Goods, silver Tea sets Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings, Thimbles,

AND EVERYTHING ELSE PERTAINING TO A FIRST-CLASS JEWELRY STORE.

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash, from the largest wholesale house in the Union, and are for sale at the Lowest Prices. All goods Warranted to be precisely as represented. Cash paid for Gold and silver. A full supply of Watch Materials always on hand. Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks; also agent for the celebrated American Watches. Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of Hair Work, or any pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All orders, by letter or otherwise, will receive prompt attention. All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount. ☞ Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office
30-1y D. C. GREENLEAF.

MUNGER BROTHERS.
MUSIC DEALERS,
Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minn.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
STEINWAY'S, CHICKERING'S
GROVESTEIN, VOCE'S,
UNITED, PIANOES,
ALSO FOR
PRINCE'S MELODIAN
and SCHOOL ORGANS
AND
MASON & HAMLIN'S
Cabinet Organs

N. B.—We keep constantly on hand the only complete stock of **Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, Musical Merchandise,** in the North West.
St. Paul, Minnesota 30tf

St. Paul Advertisements.

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WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
Dealers in
CLOTHING,
ROGERS' BLOCK, 3 doors above Bridge, } Saint Paul, Minn.

THE First National Bank of St. Paul, is now fully organized for the transaction of a general Banking business with a Capital of **$250,000.** The Bank will receive deposits, buy and sell Exchange, United States, and State Bonds and Securities, Coupons, Gold, &c., &c.

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T. H. Harrison, Vice President.
Horace Thompson, Cashier.
Chas. Scheffer, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS,
T. A. Harrison, J. C. Lambank,
Horace Thompson, Chas. Scheffer,
H. G. Harrison, J. B. Thompson

NEW ARRIVAL OF TEAS

Finest Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Oolon, Pekoe, English Breakfast, Souchong, Natural Leaf, Japanese, &c., &c.

COFFEES.

Green, Roasted and Ground, Mocha Old Government, Java, Laguayra and Rio. And all kinds of Pure Spices and Other Groceries,

AT THE
Saint Paul TeaStore,
Next door to the First Presbyterian Church, 3d Street St. Paul. n29-6m.

C. P. PEABODY,
Wholesale dealer in
Imported and Domestic
Wines, Liquors, & Cigars,
107 THIRD STREET
Between Jackson and Robert Streets,
SAINT PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA.

Constantly on hand a full supply of
DUCHE ECTIFIED
AND OLD BOURBON WHISKEYS.
27-6m

NEW AND SECOND HAND
FURNITURE
of all kinds.
Pianos,
Carriages, Wagons,
Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, and Notions, can be bought at the
AUCTION ROOMS
OF
FAIRCHILD & CO.,
3d street, St Paul, 1 Square above the bridge, opposite any other place in the State

We sell Dry Goods at Auction every Friday at 10 o'clock. Furniture every Saturday, and Stock on the
FIRST SATURDAY
of each month.

FAIRCHILD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

J. L. FOREPAUGH. M. AUERBACH.
J. L. Forepaugh & Co.
JOBBERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS &C
138 THIRD STREET, SAINT PAUL

J. WATSON WEBB, JR.
(SUCCESSOR TO WALTER W. WEBB.)
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic Wines.
LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
Third Street, second door above Jackson St.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

GREAT BARGAINS
—AT—
The Cheap Cash Store.

Goods are very high, and everybody should save all they can; therefore go to

THE CHEAP CASH STORE,

For, notwithstanding the great advance in goods, we are selling our stock of

SUMMER GOODS
VERY LOW
WE HAVE
DRESS GOODS AT 15 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT 20 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT 25 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT 30 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT ALL PRICES
TO SUIT THE CUSTOMER.
We are also selling our stock of
SILK SAQUES & CIRCULARS,
AT REDUCED PRICES
TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK.

Remember the Place:
NO. 218 THIRD STREET,
ST. PAUL.
n40 H. KNOX TAYLOR.

Reporter's Column.

ADVERTISE

IT IS THE

LIFE OF TRADE.

IF YOU HAVE NEW GOODS TO SELL

Let the People Know it

ADVERTISE.

If you have old goods which you wish to get rid of, let the people who look out for bargains know it, and—

ADVERTISE.

If you have removed to a new store, let your old friends know where to find you—

ADVERTISE.

If you are at the old stand, and new stores have made its front look dingy, you will make up the loss if you

ADVERTISE

If you are a retailer, and want small cash purchasers

ADVERTISE.

If you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business—

ADVERTISE.

If you have lost money during the crisis—

ADVERTISE.

If you have gained money when others lost, you will make more if you—

ADVERTISE.

If you have property to sell—

ADVERTISE.

Do not believe there is nobody to buy—Transactions are made every day by those who—

ADVERTISE.

If you have houses to let you can find tenants if you—

ADVERTISE.

If you are in need of a situation, do not be satisfied by asking your friends alone, but seek a larger circle—

ADVERTISE.

If you want a clerk, porter, groom, gardener, domestic servant, or other person, you will save an immensity of trouble if you

ADVERTISE.

If you wish to borrow or lend money—

ADVERTISE.

If you are a professional man, do not stand upon your own dignity, but—

ADVERTISE.

If you are a mechanic—

ADVERTISE.

If you are a business man of any sort

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Taylors Falls Reporter.

OLD SERIES Vol 4. No. 36 | TAYLORS FALLS, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1864. | NEW SERIES Vol. 2 No. 1.

The Taylors Falls Reporter.

ED. FOLSOM—PUBLISHER & PROPRIETOR.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY

OFFICE—CORNER SECOND AND RIVER STREETS

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Taylors Falls, Minn. May 23rd 1864.

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SUNRISE CITY, - - - - MINNESOTA.

Having lately made an addition to the above house I am now prepared to accommodate all. The tables are always well set.

☞ A good stable is also attached

dec23tf JOHN McGILL

BLACKSMITHING

All kinds of Blacksmithing done on the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike manner. Plows made and repaired to order.

☞ Particular attention paid to horse and ox shoeing. Shop opposite the Bridge and Steamboat landing.

JOHN H. SMITH.

Taylors Falls, Minnesota. v1—n1

DAILY STAGE LINE

FROM

Taylors Falls to Stillwater.

Stages will leave Taylors Falls, every morning at 7 o'clock a. m., (Sundays excepted,) connecting at Stillwater with the St. Paul stages.

This line is well stocked with first class horses and commodious coaches.

JOHN McDONALD Proprietor.

n3

STANNARD & SETZER.

Attorney's & Counsellors

AT LAW,

TAYLOR'S FALLS, MINN,

Will also attend to the payment of taxes for non-residents, in the counties of Chisago and Pine, Minnesota, and the county of Polk, Wisconsin. 1tf

H. MURDOCK, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

(Successor to Geo. W. Seymour.)

BENCH ST., TAYLOR FALLS.

Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Inks, Stationery, Perfumery of all kinds, garden seeds, patent medicines, tinctures, choice liquors for medicinal and mechanical purposes, paints, oils, varnishes, dyestuffs, paint brushes, bird cages, kerosene oil and fluid lamps, lamp chimneys, shades, &c., &c.

A complete assortment of everything in his line of business, and at low prices for cash.

Taylor's Falls. n1

Poetry.

"THE BEAUTIFUL SNOW."

Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow,
Filling the sky and earth below:
Over the house-tops, over the street,
Over the heads of the people you meet,
Dancing,
Flirting,
Skimming along;
Beautiful snow! it can do no wrong,
Flying to kiss a fair lady's cheek,
Clinging to lips in a frolicksome freak—
Beautiful snow from the heaven above,
Pure as an angel, gentle as love!

Oh! the snow the beautiful snow,
How the flakes gather and laugh as they go:
Whirling about in its maddening fun,
It plays in its glee with every one,
Chasing,
Laughing;
Hurrying by,
It lights on the face, and it sparkles the eye!
And even the dogs with a bark and a bound,
Snap at the crystals that eddy around:
The town is alive and its heart in a glow,
To welcome the coming of beautiful snow!

How wildly the crowd goes swaying along,
Railing each other with humor and song!
How the gay sledges, like meteors, flash by,
Bright for the moment, then lost to the eye;
Ringing,
Swinging,
Dashing they go,
Over the crust of the beautiful snow;
Snow so pure when it falls from the sky,
To be trampled in mud by the crowd hurrying by
To be trampled and tracked by the thousands of feet,
Till it blends with the filth in the horrible street.

Once I was as pure as the snow—but I fell!
Fell like the snow-flakes, from Heaven to Hell:
Fell, to be trampled as filth of the street:
Fell to be scoffed at, to be spurned and beat.

Pleading,
Cursing,
Dreading to die,
Selling my soul to whoever would buy,
Dealing in shame for a mess of bread,
Hating the living and fearing the dead:
Merciful God! have I fallen so low?
And yet I was once like the beautiful snow!

—*Anon*

Miscellaneous.

Over the Tennessee

It was moonligh on the Tennessee. It was moonlight not only on the dark and rapid river, but on the dark and wooded hills and once pleasant valleys which had so lately been transformed by the rude touch of war. It was moonlight on the lofty summit of Lookout Mountain, on which, at long intervals, were seen puffs of smoke and flashes of flames, tell wed by a dull, heavy report and then by the harmless bursting of a shell in or over the Federal encampment, it was moonlight on the far-off crest of Missionary Ridge, where little more than its dim outline could be distinguished. It was moonlight in the beleaguered town of Chattanoga, and moonlight in the great Federal encampment that lay stretched for miles along and back from the river. On the other side, the moonlight showed the scattered tents of the rebels, where they were encamped upon the slopes and ridges, seemingly in purposeless confusion. To the uninitiated, it would have appeared easy to throw a column suddenly across, and cut off one of those apparently unconnected camps: but our leaders knew better. They knew that every pass was guarded, and that at any moment order could be educed from that seeming chaos; they knew that the rebels had then no weak point, and that if one could be found, we were not strong enough to strike as yet, They waited, gathering their strength, as the tiger crouches for a spring, and when they struck we all understand how the blow told But at that time the town and camp was beleaguered, our communication were temporarily cut off—partially, it is true but sufficiently so to cause much suffering, especially among the cattle—the want of forage being severly felt. Something must be done to extricate us from the unpleasant position, and in due time, as we know, something was done and that effectually

It was moonlight on the Tennessee, and a beautiful night, although a cloud, now and then, came across the face of the moon. On the other side of the river the rebel pickets patrolled the bank, and on our side the Union pickets and soldiers did the same; the two parties shouting across the stream and exchanging the usual "chaff," sarcasm and repartee.

A little back from the river, out of the hearing of the laughing and shouting soldiers, two men were walking and conversing in low tones. One wore shoulder straps, and the gold stripe on his pantaloons indicated that he was a staff officer. The other was clad in the uniform of a private soldier, dark-blue blouse, light-blue pantaloons, and foraging cap. He was not a remarkable man in his appearance, but his keen gray eyes solid chin and compressed lips, bespoke him a man of shrewdness, tact and determination.

"This thing must be done, Cutter," said the officer, as they walked slowly along, "by somebody, and in some way but I must confess that I am unable to say how it is to be done, or whether it can be done at all. I don't say that you must do it, nor do I ask you to do it: for I know the peril, and I know how much you have already done. I merely tell you what is urgently needed, and leave you to do as you think proper."

"I am not saying that I won't do it, Captain, nor that I don't want to do it. When I went into the service I took my life into my hands, and I am always ready to lose it if the loss can benefit the cause. I was only thinking whether it would pay for the risk; for I am tolerably cautious before I go into anything, and generally count the cost and calculate the profits. Now, I have been all around them, and through them, too, for that matter; but I haven't been able to get at the heart of them, and am afraid the thing can't be done, for they keep everything mighty close over there."

"If you could contrive to get among them and stay there awhile, you sharp ears and eyes might learn something."

It's a risky business, Captain; but if it can be done, you may be sure that I will do it, though I don't see my way clear yet. If you don't hear from me again you may conclude that they have strung me up"

"I hope not, my friend," said the officer, as he shook the rough hand of the soldier, "for we can't spare you now."

The soldier was Warren Cutter, of Indiana—one of the most active, intelligent and intrepid scouts of the Cumberland. He had often been employed upon dangerous and delicate business, and had always acquitted himself bravely and well.

He walked down to the river, where the pickets and others were engaged in "chaffing" each other across the stream and mingled with them. They had many exhausted their wordy artillery, and were casting about for some other amusement.

"Say, Secesh!" shouted one, "don't you want to take a dip in the river? If you'll bring me over a hunk of tobacco I'll meet you half way with some letter paper."

"All right, Yankee, and see that you don't wet it," was heard from the other side.

"Come, boys," said the first speaker, "let's all go in and have a swim." and he began to strip.

The suggestion was readily acceded to and the soldiers commenced divesting themselves of their uniforms, and their example being followed by the butternut gentry; and in a few minutes some twenty or thirty of both sides were in the river meeting and commingling at the middle of the stream, exchanging commodities, talking, laughing, wrestling in the water, and splashing about each other, as if they had been enemies, nor expected to be.

Warren Cutter had thrown off his clothes with the rest, and, after speaking a few words in a low voice to a comrade, he plunged into the river. At first, he swam up the river, and kept at a little distance from the rest; but when they had become thoroughly intermixed, so that friend could not be distinguished from foe, he floated down among them. After encountering a few dives and submersets, he swam slowly to the shore on the rebel side,

"Did you find the water cold, neighbor?" asked a rough-looking rebel picket, as Cutter came panting up.

"Not very cold, but I am afraid I am going to have a chill, and must dress as soon as I can, and get back to camp."

The scout then stepped to a tree, under which lay a pile of clothes, and hastily donned the butternut uniform as if it was his own.

"I wish you would give me the countersign," he said to the picket, as he finished dressing himself. "My comrade out there has it, but I can't wait for him."

"All right; Morgan, is the word."

Cutter then hurried away up the road to the rebel camps. When he came to the first he was challenged, gave the countersign, and passed on. Thus he passed through two camps, and entered a third, where from the flag that was flying, he supposed the headquarters of some general officer to be situated. Here he walked on, until he saw some Confederate soldiers lounging in front of a rude hut constructed of logs and brush. Stepping up to the hut, he accosted them:

"Boys, can you tell me where the camp of the twenty-third Mississippi is? I have been down to the river, and must have taken the wrong road as I came back, for I have only been here a little while, and dont know much about the country."

"Twenty-third Mississippi! It's a good two miles from here, way over to the westward. If you don't know the way, you'll have a job to get there to-night, and perhaps fetch up in the guard-house. You had better come in and put up with us to-night, and hunt for your camp in the morning."

The invitation was gratefully accepted, and the scout entered the cabin, where he was supplied with a seat and pipe, and sat down to talk and smoke with his new acquaintances. They asked him about his camp life, his officers, his fare, and like questions, all of which Cutter answered glibly enough, without making very heavy draft on his imagination; and then they talked of home, of the last fight, of the prospects of another, and such other topics as form the staple of a soldier's conversation.

As they were preparing for sleep, a corporal, who seemed to rule the roost, said:

"I wonder what's become of them other fellows. They ought to be at home before this?"

"I heard Jim say," answered one, "that they are going down to the river."

As he spoke three men came into the cabin, two of the laughing, and the other silent and woebegone. Cutter noticed that this man wore only an overcoat and a pair of ragged panteloons.

"What kept you," said the Corporal.

"Why, we went in swimming with the Yanks, and some cussed scoundrel stole Jim Mudge's clothes, and we had to wait till we could get something for him to wear. Who's your friend, Corporal?" he continued, nodding at Cutter.

"He's a stranger—belongs to the Twenty-Third Mississippi, has lost his way, and can't get back to camp to-night; so I asked him to put up here for the morning."

"Twenty-Third Mississippi, be—!" exclaimed the doleful and scanty clad rebel who had been eyeing the scout suspiciously, and edging up toward him. "Et them ain't my duds he's got on, my name ain't Jim Mudge. Here's my name writ in the hat," said he snatching off Cutter's head shelter,

"And see here, boys, his hair's wet, too."

All rushed up to the stranger and looked at him, Mudge and the hat,—The scout saw that he "was in for it," but thought it worth an effort to try to get out.

"Well boys, this is strange," said he, as he looked down at the clothes, "I was in the river, and was in a hurry to dress when I came out, as I was mighty cold, and suppose I must have changed clothes with this gentleman. Mine must be lying around the e somewhere"

"Lyin around h——l!" shouted the excited and justly indignant Mudge. There wasn't another scrap of clothes anywhar about the bank. Was there, boys?"

"Then some one has stolen mine, or hid them."

"No more of yer lyin' now. That won't go down, I know who you are You're nothin' but a cussed Yankee spy, thats what you are. Mighty cute way of gettin' into camp that was, hey?—Uncommon queer, some of you Yankee chaps be, and you're up to all dodges, ain't ye! Come, boys, let's take the durned thing around to the guard-house, and if he ain't a spy, he can prove it in the morning."

"All right," said the Corporal.—"Bring him along, boys."

As they took hold of Cutter, a very solemn feeling came over that adventurous individual. Never he felt like cursing his luck, it was at that moment; for it was the worst kind of luck that had brought the very man whose clothes he had taken to the very spot where he had thought himself safe for the night. But so it was, and there he was, and he could only endeavor to keep a stiff upper lip, and "make the most of a bad job," Therefore he submitted to the cuffs and curses that were freely bestowed upon him, and quietly accompanied his captors.

"Hold on there!" shouted the inveterate Mudge, as his companions were leading off the scout.

"Bring that fellow back and take my clothes off of him."

"Never mind, Jim," said the Corporal. I will see that you have them tomorrow, at the Provost Marshal's office."

"Well, take him along, cuss him! Et I can see him hang, I don't care whose clothes he wears when he dies."

Warren Cutter was taken to the guard-house into which, after a brief conversation between the Corporal and the officer of the guard, he was thrust in.—The guard-room was a pretty large room, in a rough board building and it had only three or four occupants when Cutter entered it. He did not attempt to address any one, as his thoughts were of a very serious nature, and he felt not at all like talking. He walked to a corner, where there was a sort of bench, and sat down. The building was a slight one, and he saw that a strong man could easily break out; but he knew that outside of the boards a cordon of sentinels formed a living wall, through which it would be impossible to pass. Notwithstanding the peril of his situation, he felt drowsy, and closed his eyes in sleep. He had dozed but a short time, when he was aroused from a troubled dream by the sound of voices near him. He rubbed his eyes and listened. The voices were evidently on the outside He placed his ear to a crevice, and soon heard enough to enable him to conjecture that an officer, probably high in rank, was talking with his orderly.

"Be sure," said the voice which he supposed to be that of an officer, "that my horse is in good condition, and yours too. You had better bring Josh along with a led horse, for we will have a long distance to ride."

"Do you know how far sir?"

"No, but it will be a hard march. My brigade, with two more, with some artillery, are to make a demonstration on the enemy's front, while the cavalry cuts in on their trains. You must be ready at my quarters by one o'clock Wednesday morning, though we may not start before two or three. Good night, and be sure to bring around the whisky in the morning."

"I won't forget it, Sir."

"Cutter started from his seat in such a commotion of excitement, that he hardly knew what he was about, until he had paced several times across the room. Here was a new incentive to escape. He might have stayed around the Confederate camp a week without gaining any such important information as had accidentally reached his ears. If he could only get out. Hearing a voice in front of the building, he stepped to the door, and looked through the keyhole. They were changing guard He waited until the former guard had gone, then advanced to where his fellow-prisoners were lounging upon benches, opened his lips as if to speak to them, then suddenly threw up his hands, uttered a loud, unearthly shriek, and fell on the flat of his back upon the floor, his fall shaking the building.

The door opened hastily, and the guard rushed in with a light, the other prisoners crowded around the fallen man. They found him lying down flat, with his arms and legs outstretched, and with convulsive trembling and jerking in his body and limbs. His eyes were rolled back, and were fixed and glassy; his mouth was wide open, and froth stood on his lips.

"He's fell down in a fit," said the guard.

"Hold the light, while I call the corporal of the guard."

That officer came in, and dashed water in the face of the scout, but to no purpose, and then told one of his men to hurry after a surgeon. A surgeon was speedily found, and expressed his opinion "that the man had a fit, and that of the hardest kind."

"He will die here," said the surgeon. "What was he put in here for?"

"Don't know," said the Corporal, "suppose he was drunk, or something."

"If that is all, you had better take him right over to my hospital. Those drunken fits often carry people off in a hurry, and we can't afford to lose men now. Let me try him with a drop of brandy."

The surgeon then poured a few drops of dark-colored liquid in Cutter's mouth. It almost strangled him, and he was obliged to revive, temporarily, but he immediately relapsed into a state of stupor.

Four, men, under the direction of the surgeon then took up the lax and unresisting frame, and carried it to the hospital and laid him upon some blankets on the floor. The surgeon dismissed the men, and administered some simple remedies, which soon had the effect of bringing his patient.

"How do you feel, my man?" said he, as Cutter opened his eyes,

"Weak as death, doctor," replied the patient, with a faint groan.

"I will give you something to put you to sleep, and you will feel better in the morning. But you must not leave the bed until I see you again.

"Oh, no, doctor."

The surgeon then prepared an opiate, which he administered, The patient made pretence of swallowing it with a wry face, but kept it in his mouth until the surgeon's back was turned, when he ejected it.

Warren Cutter then drew a long breath, and stretched himself under the blankets. He had accomplished the first part of his object. Casting his eyes around, he saw a splint and some bandages lying within his reach. These he drew into his bed, and concealed under his blanket. Looking further, he saw a pair of crutches standing against the wall, and he was determined to have them. There were only three men in attendance as nurses, and he waited until they were all collected near the door, then he slipped out from under his blanket, he stepped lightly to the cot where the crutches stood, brought them back with him in an instant, and was again under cover.

Removing his tattered pantaloons, he took the splint which had happened to be so conveniently near him, and bound it tightly with bandages around his leg at the knee. He then drew on his pantaloons, doing it all under the cover, and when it was done composed himself to sleep.

He wondered why he had not been hunted up before this, but then he knew that he could place no dependance on being forgotten. He noticed that the morning set of nurses was on, and knew that now if ever, was the time to make his escape.

Calling one of the nurses, he asked for some paper, and a pen and ink, which were brought to him, and he wrote a little on a board that was laid before him.

"Now," said he, as he folded the paper and put it in the pocket of his butternut coat "if you will help me up, I will go out into the sunshine a little while My leg is nearly well and the Doctor said that I might take the air this morning."

Without any question, the attendant helped him to his feet, or rather, to his one foot, and the scout hobbled through the room and out at the door.

Once out in the air, he drew his breath more freely, and felt greatly relieved. He had comparatively fair sailing before him now, and moving along awkwardly and leisurely, stopping, every now and then, as if to rest, or to look around.

So he stubbed along on his two sticks until he came to the guard line of the camp, where he was challenged by the sentinel on duty. He handed the man, the paper which he had written in the hospital, and which read as follows:

"Pass the bearer, John Warren, of the Thirty-fourth Georgia, on business for me.

"CAPT. CLINT HASLETT.
"Com'd'g Company A, 34th Ga,
"In hospital."

"It is irregular," said the soldier, "but I suppose it is all right. I should not think your Captain would pick out a man with a game leg to do an errand for him."

"Oh, my leg is nearly well, and no one else knows where to find what Captain Haslett wants."

"Pass on."

The same paper, together with his uniform and his lame leg and crutches, passed the scout through another guard-line, and then he perceived that he was not far from the river. As soon as he was out of sight of the last sentinel, he stepped into a thicket, threw down his crutches, took the splint off his leg, and removed all his clothes, except his pantaloons and shirt. Then started from his concealment, and plunged into the river.

The startled soldier looked around as he heard the splash, and "By——? there's a man drowned!" burst from his lips, as he saw nothing rise again. When the scout's head appeared above water, he was considerable distance from the shore, and the astonished picket fired hastily and harmlessly. He was near the Union side, when he was hailed by a stupid picket:

"Halt! there!"

"Don't shoot! It's all right."

When he stepped up on the bank, he was encountered by a bayonet, the possesser of which asked him if he surrendered.

"Surrender! Of course, I do, you infernal fool let me pass."

The next morning a force was sent out to meet the rebel movement, and the result was that our trains were saved, and a number of the enemy were "bagged."

The Taylors Falls Reporter.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1864.

VOLUME TWO.

This number commences the second volume of the REPORTER. We do not deem it necessary to expatiate on the benefits accrueing to a county, town or precinct, which gives a live support to a local paper. These are very obvious facts, and are worthy far more general attention than has heretofore been accorded them. During the issue of the past volume, it has been our desire and aim, to make our paper worthy of the patronage bestowed upon it, and though we assumed its control under many discouragements and difficulties, yet we have persevered in our work, and have commenced upon our second volume, hoping and expecting an increase of subscribers for the coming year.

The REPORTER is recommended to our merchants as an advertising medium, which will enable them by its increasing circulation, to reach the majority of the people of this and adjoining counties. Well patronized and filled advertising columns, are of no secondary importance in representing the character, and amount of business transactions to people abroad, and offering inducements, which should turn any of the great tide of Western emegration to our neighborhood. The Campaign now being over, we shall have more space for other subjects.—Than those embraced in the "dirty pool of politics," and to present to our readers a more attractive bill of fare.—Thankful for the patronage that has already been extended us, we ask for an increased continuance of the same, promising a fare equivalent. Indentified as we are with the interests of this and adjoining counties, we certainly think that citizens are not alive to their own interests, who, do not invest the trifling sum of a year's subscription in the Reporter. A limited number of our subscribers are yet in arrears for their paper. Our expenditures are such that prompt collection must be made to prevent loss. We hope all having amounts due us will duly regard this reminder and call and settle the same. After due consideration we have decided to adopt the pay in advance system on future subscriptions and hope all will lend us a helping hand and assist us in enlarging our subscription lists. All kinds of produce received in payment, this will enable the farmer to have a copy at a scarcely noticable expenditure, and as our columns are open to all communications which will promote their interests, we hope they will immediately come forward and give us their names.

From the Seventh Regiment.

The following extract from a private letter from Col. Marshal, of the 7th Regiment, contains a concise but highly interesting rough sketch of the movements of the brigade comprising the 5th, 7th, 9th and 10th Minnesota Regiments.

When we returned from our second excursion into Northern Mississippi, we were hurried off to Arkansas, without any rest at Memphis. We had a long, hard march from Brownsville, Ark., to Cape Girardeau, Mo., 312 miles in 19 days *on ten days rations*. We were nine days on transports from Cape Girardeau to Jefferson City. Since then we have had a rapid hard march, trying to get up with the cavalry in pursuit of Price. We got within hearing distance of the cannon on the 22nd when Pleasanton and Blunt were pitching into Price on the Big Blue, but did not reach the field in time. After that we did not attempt to overtake Pleasanton, but followed on along the Kansas State, line, two or three days, to be in supporting distance. We to-day resume the homeward march, having been tending that way, though not directly, for three or four days past. We move in seperate brigades, making a grand guerrilla hunt on our return to the Mississippi river. Our brigade is to cross the Missouri at Arrow Rock and recross at St. Charles. We expect to reach St. Charles on the 13th inst.

Isn't it too bad that all the Minnesota soldiers in this command lose their votes. We are quite unreconciled to the deprivation. I feel almost like characterizing it as an outrage. Less soft terms have been freely used. We have at no time been beyond a long day's ride from Warrensburg at which point the commissioners were for several days, and the day they turned back we were within thirty-five miles of that place. *Between twelve and thirteen hundred votes are thus lost—a majority for the Union ticket.* I estimate, OF MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND. It is quite too bad.

An Old Man who has Shot Sixty Persons.

The Cairo correspondent of the St. Louis *Republican* tells this story:

At one point on the Tennessee river there is a place that has become a terror to steamboat men, and in passing it they always find some place to secure themselves till the boat passes. At this point an old man, sixty odd years of age, has made his headquarters for a long time and the peculiar "crack of his gun" is familiar to river men, and sends a thrill of terror wherever it is heard. He has a long heavy barrelled gun, originally a squirrel rifle, which has been bored out three different times, until now the largest thumb can easily be turned in the muzzle and the aim of the old man is one of decided certainty. The murderous sentinel is always faithfully upon his watch, and his retreat has so far baffled all attempts to catch him, from the fact that he is surrounded with dense swamps and deep ravines. Well-informed river men estimate that this old man has murdered in this way not less than sixty persons; and yet he performs his murderous work with as much earnestness and vigor as when he first commenced.

County Election.

The returns from the County are very meagre, not all being received, we give however the result as far as heard from.

TAYLORS FALLS.

Lincoln 101, McClellan 20, Representative, Wyckoff 69, Hallburg 66; regular ticket, Smith 29, Stork 31. Democratic nomination, Ingalls 15.

FRANCONIA.

Lincoln 62, McClellan 8: Smith 39; Stark 14; Wyckoff 31, Hallburg 40, Ingalls 1;

Chisago Lake, Lincoln 98, McClellan 2. Wyoming, Lincoln 65, McClellan 14. Amador, Lincoln 9, McClellan 2. Sunrise, Lincoln 27, McClellan 29.

HORRIBLE MURDER.—We glean from the St. Paul dailies the account of a murder about ten miles below St. Paul, on the route to La Crosse. Three soldiers at home on furlough were assailed by some Irishman, and one of them beaten to death under the most horrible circumstances, and another terribly pounded. A portion of the miscreants have been arrested. May a vengeance be meted out to them which shall for ever intimidate these fends in future.

SNOW.

LA CROSSE, Nov. 9, 3, P. M.

About eight inches of snow has fallen but drifted, being in some places over three feet in depth. Snowing and blowing furiously.

WINONA, Nov. 9, 3, P. M.

About eight inches of snow has fallen since yesterday, and still snowing and drifting. Winds high.

First Minnesota Battalion.

In the *Herald* account of the late movement of Grant we find the following:

MERITORIOUS CONDUCT OF AN OFFICER

Captain Farwell, of the First Minnesota, with detachment from two regiments, was out on picket after the battle, and through some mistake was not recalled when the corps retired that night. He brought them safely in to-day having outfought and outmanœuvred the forces of the enemy, which followed him from the time he left the battle-field till he had almost reached the Weldon Railroad. He has been commended for his meritorious conduct.

It is a source of pride to every Minnesotian that the reputation of the old First does not suffer in the little battalion under Capt. Farwell.

Attempt to Poison General Sheridan.

The *Herald's* Martinsburg coorespondent says Gen. Sheridan accompanied by Col. Comstock of General Grant's staff, Captain T. W. Moore and others, while on a visit to Winchester, were suddenly taken with symptoms of poisoning from corrosive sublimate. The most ready antidotes were administered, and at last accounts they were doing well, though their recovery was at one time almost hopeless. The poison is supposed to have been contained in some cheese, of which all had partaken freely.

Railroad Disaster near Hudson Wis,

"The traindue the first of October ult., at the station twenty miles above Hudson, failing to come in as advertised for the last "seven" years, a tender was dispatched down the road, when it was discovered that the entire track, substructure ties, rails, culverts, bridges and all, for quite a distance had been obstructed by a "diffienlty."

The locomotive, "Hope No. 7." was somewhat injured, it will be repaired, however, in a short time and extricated from the "difficulty" with the entire train, by passing them over the Tomah and St. Croix road as "we believe it is expected to do some grading on this road this fall."

HOME MATTERS.

County Officers.

Clerk of the District Court—Luther Wyckoff
Register of Deeds—Oscar Jones.
Judge of Probate—L. K. Stannard
County Auditor—Otto Wallmark
County Treasurer—William Comer.
Coroner—G. L. Bland
County Surveyor—L. K. Stannard.

THE President has appointed Thursday, the 24th day of November as a day of thanksgiving, supplication and prayer.

SURGEON GARLICK.—The friends of Dr. Garlick will be pained to learn that he is sick in the Officers Hospital, at Memphis, Tenn. He writes us under date of the 24th ult., and at that time he was improving.—*Polk Co. Press.*

CAPT FRANK H. PRATT, formerly connected with the *Transcript*, has been in town a few days. His health, which was much impaired, has been greatly benefited, and he leaves to join his regiment in a few days.—*Prescott Journal.*

PHOTOGRAPH.—As many of our citizens visit St. Paul, we would recommend Whitney's Photographic Gallery as a place of resort so as to obtain a duplicate representation of their phizes. His work is scarcely to be equaled in the Northwest.

DOOR BELLS.—We have on hand and for sale a few of Cone's Patent door bells, which are universally conceded to be the cheapest, simplest, and most efficient bell extant. We would invite all who desire one of these articles to call at our office and examine.

BUSINESS.—Our streets have shown considerable signs of life for some time past, teams have been preparing for the woods, and departing for their winter quarters. Beef, pork and farm produce have been brought in large quantities, which have been disposed of at very reasonable rates.

WEATHER AND NAVIGATION.—We have been subjected to quite a spell of weather. Alternating between biting cold and the pleasant warmth of our Indian Summer. At times the air has been full of snow, and bids fair to array the earth in its first pure white mantle ere long. Ice forms in the river every night to some extent, though it will not probably be so as to impede navigation before the 25th.

Arthurs Home Magazine with this number closes its volume for 1864.—For the coming year it will be enlarged, and made more worthy public patronage. It is a periodical that always meets with a hearty welcome, its praises come from all quarters. Its present circulation is more than has been ever previously attained, and it should find a place in every home. Terms, $2,50 a year; three copies, $6; five copies and one to getter up of club, $10; nine copies and one to getter up of club, $15.

SOCIAL GATHERING.—On last Thursday evening there was a small gathering at the "Chisago," when the votaries of the Terpischorean art, met to trip the "light fantastic." A good time was the inevitable result. A splendid supper gotten up in the best style by "mine host" Jerry, was duly disposed of and appreciated. The company stayed until the 'wee sma' hours ayant the twal.' when they dispersed vowing a repition of the same.

ANOTHER REPORTED INDIAN MURDER. There is a rumor in circulation that the Indians have murdered a man near Clam river, Wis. No confidence however can be placed in it as far as it is at present ascertained. It appears that one, Brown a mail carrier on the Bayfield road, was followed for some distance by an Indian who desired him to stop, this he at last did, when the Indian informed him that some other Indians had killed a man a short distance back, and wanted him to return. He being in a hurry to get home in time to vote, did not go, but left word at the nearest house, whose occupants went to find out the truth of the report. They found tracks at the place indicated, but no murdered man, So that the matter at present relies upon the veracity of an Indian, which to say the least is not worthy of much credence.

NEW GOODS.—We observe that our merchants have received quite large quantities of new goods, although compared with previous years, their stocks are light, and we should judge from the throng of people that we see around their stores that they are doing a lively business, and one that will leave them with empty shelves long before spring.

NEW HEAT REGULATOR OR FIRE DAMPER.—We have purchased the patent right of Verbeck & Walker's patent stove dampers for the County of Chisago, and have them constantly on hand, and are desirous of introducing them into every stove in the county.—We have the incontrovertable testimony of all who have used them, as to the saving of wood and equalizing the temperature. Either of which considerations is we think sufficient to commend them to general use. A brief trial will convince any one of their great usefulness. They will save nearly one half the wood.—Orders will be received either at our office or at the Post Office.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

The indications are that the Unionists have swept every loyal State except Kentucky, by unprecedentedly large majorities; and even Kentucky gives such a vote for Lincoln that the result seems to have been considered doubtful. The returns, to be sure, as yet meagre but they are sofficient to establish the fact of large gains in nearly every State except New York, Connecticut and Maine. In the two latter, however, the small Democratic gains reported are illusory, as the soldiers' vote is yet to be counted in both those States.

In New York the only Democratic gains reported are in New York city, where they hold such complete control of all the polls as to afford every possible facility for fraud. There the majority for McClellan was 36,887. The State giving a large margin for frauds is good for 30,000 majority for Lincoln.

The Union majority in this State will not probably be less than 6 000

The New Atlantic Cable.

An interesting report has just been made by the Superintendent of the Atlantic Telegraph Company of progress thus far made in the manufacture of the cable and their arrangements necessary to insure success in the attempt which is soon to be made to connect Europe and America by telegraph. The report states that the covering of the copper conductor with layers of gutta percha has been vigorously prosecuted for several months and the case shows, under the most searching tests, a perfection of insulation probably never before attained. Of this about 800 miles have been completed, and are in various stages of completion. Six hundred tons of the homogenious iron, which is a new feature in the construction of the cable, have been contracted for five hundred tons of which have already been delivered, every bundle having been tested for strength and elongation. Large stocks of the Manilla yarn, with which the iron wire is to be surrounded, have also been receiveed, and over one hundred miles of the completed wire have been turned out; the machines employed in the stage of the manufacture—that of covering the core with its external protection—having only been started on the 1st of September.

The Great Eastern steamship, engaged for the service of the country, lies at Sheerness, were tanks are being introduced for storing the cable in water. The English government has appropiated two ships to the service of transporting the cable as it is made, from the works of the manufacturer to the Great Eastern. These ships also, will each contain three iron tanks, so that the cable will never be out of water for more than a few moments at a time, from the first commencement at the gutta percha works to its submersion in the sea. The projectors of this great enterprise are confident that so far as human power can determine, it will be entirely successful, and there are none, either in this country or in Europe, who will not hope that this expectation may be realized.

A GOOD joke is told at the expense of the *honest* democracy of Miami County Ind. They regarded their senatorial district as perfectly safe, counting on the large majority of 1862, and desiring to aid their friends in Cass, they sent some one hundred and fifty of their voters to assist in carrying that doubtful district. The consequence was that a union senator was elected in the Miami district, and the rousing union majority in Howard County saved a union senator in the Cass District. We rather guess that a worse disappointed set of knaves never practised pipe-playing since elections were invented.

State News.

ONE hundred and forty-four soldiers from the hospitals below have been sent to the military hospital at Prairie du Chien. The list may be seen at the Governor's office.

THE Right Rev. Dr. H. B. Whipple, Lord Bishop of Minnesota, United States has arrived in England, and has been on a visit to the Right Rev. Dr. Baring, Lord Bishod of Durham at Auckland Castle.—*London Weekly Times.*

GEN. SIBLEY has received an application from citizens of Stillwater, and through the Governor, from residents near Cambridge, for troops to protect them from Indians in the St. Croix Valley. There has been no further disturbance except the ransacking of one house Gen. Sibley will send fifty soldiers to their relief.—*Press*

PAPER MILL.—We are glad to learn that Mr. S. S. Stebbins, an enterprising gentleman of Rushford, this county, is now erecting near this village, a paper mill, which will soon be in operation. For the enterprise manifested by Mr. S. we hope and know that he will realize a handsome per cent, on investment.—*Chatfield Democrat.*

CHARLES MCIRATH, the State Auditor, has returned from his annual sale of School Lands in the southern portion of the State. The whole number of acres sold was 40,000, which brought $255,370, of which $82,662 was received in cash. The banner County was Goodhue, in which $35,381 were received. Faribault County gave the largest cash receipts—$15,000, mostly for valuable timber lands.

General News.

THE very absurd lie that President Lincoln receives his salary in gold is effectively refuted by E. L. Chittenden, of Vermont, the late Register of the Treasury, who had charge of all payment of kind. Mr. Lincoln and all his Cabinet receive the ordinary greenbacks, just like ordinary men in ordinary business, and the regular income tax is regularly deducted from Mr. Lincoln's salary, just as it is from every other salary. The only officers paid in gold are our ministers abroad, in places where our currency is not recognized.

THE Washington *Chronicle* gives an account of an immense torch-light procession which took place in that city on the evening of the 21st. A large number of States were represented, and we see by the following, that the Minnesota Club was there:

MINNESOTA.

They bore a transparency (representing a pioneer ploughing, with gun and ammunition by his side, and an Indian fleeing in the distance,) with the inscriptions,

"*L' Etoile du Nord.*"

"Treason cannot survive our winters."

"Our climate kills Copperheads"

"North Star State Union Club."

THE rebel Secretary of State, Judah P. Benjamin, has issued a paper on United States indebtedness, endeavoring to convince European capitalists that our national securities are the worst of investments. Of course Mr. Benjamin knows all about it, and his statements should be received with "high consideration" in al matters where the prosperity of the United State is interested.

WASHINGTON specials contain an announcement that will be gratifying to the loyal people. An arrangement has been effected between Generals Grant and Lee by which our Government is to feed and clothe our own prisoners, under the special superintendence of a United States officer, appointed and paroled for that purpose. The rebels are to do the same. This will be the next best thing to a free and full exchange.

A RECENT official report from the secretary of the Atlantic Telegraph Company says the work of manufacturing the cable is progressing satisfactorily. About eight hundred miles of the telegraph wire, and one hundred miles of the completed cable have been turned out, and the cable will be manufactured at about the rate of eighty miles per week. The Great Eastern is engaged for the work of laying the cable.

JULES Gerard, the celebrated lion-killer and African traveller, has, it is rumored by the last foreign arrival, been drowned while crossing a river in Africa, Delivered, like Daniel of old, from the mouth of the lion and the paw of the bear, he, too has fallen a victim to an accident which happens daily in the most civilized countries.

SOLOMON Sturges, the Chicago millionaire, who died on the 14th at Louisville, at one time, before steamers navigated the Mississippi, built and took flatboats to New Orleans, walking home a distance of twenty two hundred miles. In 1849 he built the Wabash and Erie Canal, from Terre Haute to the Ohio, advancing the money for the work, which was afterwards reimbursed by the state.

ON the Eastern train from Pittsburg, with another gentleman, I collected the votes, and the result was—Lincoln, 166; McClellan, 84. The canvassers entered one car—guarded by soldiers at each door—in which every man they applied to voted for McClellan. My friend noticed several of these voters to be on the broad grin, and one who laughed out. To the latter he said: "I think I am sold—you are prisoners, are you? (All the men were clad in butternut clothing of a uniform character.) The passenger replied: "We are Confederate prisoners, and you are sold the worst kind!"

THE Boston *Post*, having observed that the present administration has abolished one hundred and fifty-two sinecure offices in the New York Custom House, observes that "under a just and economical government they would never have existed." The Bangor *Whig* responds: "Very true. They existed under Polk, Pierce and Buchanan. Under Lincoln they have been abolished."

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT is to be the recipient of a testimonial in the Century Club of New York, on Saturday evening, the 5th of November, upon the occasion of his reaching the alloted span of years for man—three score and ten. Longfellow, Lowell, Dana, Whittier, Holmes and others, have been invited, and will be there.

WHAT'S IN A NAME.—Our neighbors at the North who are about to have a Confederacy of their own, are troubled for a name. One proposition is to drop the last two letters from "Canada," and the first two from "Acadia," and unite them, thus—"Can-a-dia." The inhabitants would still be "Canadians," as many of them are now called.

THE Palmetto *Herald* says the latest advices report the average deaths daily in Charleston from yellow fever as 20, and also says the rebel papers are filled with obitoaries of distinguished Southerners and of the discussion of peace and reconstruction. On the whole their tone is very favorable to us and shows a great change.

THE St. Albans outrage has put the Vermonters on their guard. The citizens along the frontier are organizing cavalry and infantry companies for protection against raiders. The Governor has secured from the War Department adequate cavalry supplies, which will be distributed along the frontier.

THE terror of the desert of Sahara is being removed by the application of science. In 1860 five wells had been opened, bringing fishes to the surface from a depth of 500 feet. Vegetation is springing up around the wells, and the "desert will blossom like the rose,"

A NUMBER of boys, called the Junior Reserves of North Carolina, and consisting of one regiment and a battalion, have offered their services to the rebel Government, been received and placed in the trenches at Richmond.

The over-land mail from California and Nevada is now making regular trips, and very little trouble, it is said, is now apprehended from the Indians—provided the driver, ranchmen and passengers are well armed.

MATRIMONY resembles a kitchen window, and the people are like unto the silly flies that flutter incessantly against the transparency; those outside wishing to get in, and those in earnestly desirous of getting out.

ADVICES from the upper Mississippi river say that Gen. Sully has gone into winter quarters at Fort Sully. The Winebago Indians are in a starving condition.

THE negroes in Washington had an enthusiastic demonstration in Washington a few days ago, over the final abolition of slavery in Maryland.

HENRY WARD BEECHER says the Democratic party "adhere to the Union" as does a barnacle to the bottom of a ship which is eating away.

A GUNPOWDER explosion at Erith, England, the 1st of October, was heard ninety-four miles.

BENJ BILLINGWORTH,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
Just removed from Hudson to the city of
STILLWATER.
Particular attention given to repairing fine Watches Clocks, and Jewelry.
☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED. ☜
Shop on Main St., nearly opposite Westing & Torinus' store. A large assortment of Watches and Clocks on hand and for sale at the lowest rates. B. BILLINGWORTH.
Stillwater, Nov. 3d, 1864. 1-2v

Special Notice.

On Monday, Nov. 14th Dr. DeMontreville Dentist of St. Paul will make his annual visit to Taylors Falls, and remain a few days. Those desirous of his services will please call early to ensure attention.

LOST.

On the 24th inst., on the Sunrise Road, between Taylors Falls and John Dolney's a SMALL BLACK WALLET with elastic band, containing between $4 and $6, a small picture gem, a society badge, and a photograph negative. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Legals.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a mortgage deed bearing date June 16th A. D. 1858, Nathan C. Taylor and Patrick Fox of the town of Taylors Falls, Chisago County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, conveyed to Amadee Berthold of the city and County of St. Louis, Missouri, as mortgagee, certain premises situate in the County of Pine and State of Minnesota and in the said indenture of mortgage described as follows, to-wit.—The north-east quarter of north west quarter of section eighteen, township forty north of Range nineteen west; south-east Quarter of north-east quarter of section twelve township forty north of range twenty west; south half of north-west quarter and north west quarter of north-west quarter of section eighteen township forty north of range nineteen west; north-east quarter of south east quarter of section six township thirty-nine north, range nineteen west; east half of south east quarter of section twelve township forty north range twenty west; north west quarter of south-west of section seven township forty north, range nineteen west; west half of north east quarter of section eighteen, township thirty-nine north, range nineteen west; west half of south-east quarter of section eighteen township thirty-nine north range nineteen west; east half of south-east quarter of section eight township forty north range nineteen west; west half of south-east quarter of section eight township forty north range nineteen west; south-east quarter of section eighteen township forty north range nineteen west; north-east quarter of section eighteen township forty north range nineteen west; south-west quarter of section eighteen township forty north range nineteen west; north-east quarter of south-west quarter of section seven township forty north, range nineteen west; south-east quarter of north-west quarter of section seven township forty north range nineteen west; west half of south-west quarter and south-east quarter of south-west quarter of section twenty-five township forty north, range twenty west, according to government survey and containing one thousand and fifty-two and sixty acres of land, with full power of sale of the said above described premises on default being made in the conditions of said mortgage deed therein contained, which said mortgage deed was given to secure payment of the sum of seven thousand seven hundred seventy-seven dollars and thirty-six cents, according to the terms of two promissory notes in said indenture described and default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage deed and in the payment of the said sum of seven thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven and thirty-six hundredths dollars, and there is now due on said mortgage the sum of nine thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and forty-seven cents. Now therefore notice is hereby given that the said mortgaged premises will be sold by the Sheriff of the County of Pine at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Saturday the twentieth day of August A. D. 1864 at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Pine, Minnesota in the town of Chengwatana in said County to pay the said sum of nine thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and forty-seven cents together with the expenses of said sale.

Dated July 20 A. D. 1864.

AMANDEE BERTHOLD,
Mortgagee.
By Ap. Munson,
His Attorney.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
COUNTY OF CHISAGO }
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of John Peterson late of Chisago County deceased.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Gustaf Johnson praying for reasons therein set forth [illegible] of administration of the estate of John Peterson late of Chisago County deceased.

It is ordered that said petition be heard at the office of Judge of Probate in Taylors Falls in said County on Monday the 28th day of September next at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

And it is further ordered that notice be given to the next of kin and all other persons interested in said estate to be and appear before the undersigned at the time and place above mentioned to show cause if any they have against the granting of said petition, by causing a copy of this order to be published for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the Taylors Falls Reporter a weekly newspaper published in Chisago County.

L. K. STANNARD,
Judge of Probate.

Dated Taylors Falls, Aug. 31st.

SHERIFFS SALE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
COUNTY OF CHISAGO. }

In the District Court, 1st Judicial District.

Albert Plimpton, John H. Stephenson, Adoniram Schenck and George W. Stephenson, partners under firm name of Plimpton, Stephenson & Co., against Ansell Smith. }

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court aforesaid, in and for the County and State aforesaid, in the above entitled action, and to me directed and delivered, commanding me to make and collect out of the personal property of Ansell Smith the defendant above named, not exempt from execution, that shall be found in my county the sum of four hundred and sixty six and eighty four hundredths dollars, with interest thereon from the 7th day of May 1864, and expenses of sale, and in case no personal property can be found then to make and collect the said amount out of the real property of said defendant situate in my county, and no personal property having been found by me, I have seized and levied upon as the property of the said Ansell Smith the several pieces and parcels of land here-inafter described:—Now therefore notice is hereby given that on Saturday the twentieth day of August A. D. 1864, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Chisago County, Minnesota, in the town of Taylors Falls in said County, I shall offer for sale at public vendue as the law directs, the following pieces and parcels of land, situate in the County of Chisago aforesaid, and known and described as follows, to wit:—all of the portion of lot one [1] in section ten [10] township thirty-three north of range 19 west, not surveyed and platted into town lots, as part of the town of Franconia, estimated to contain forty acres; also that portion of lot nine [9] of section two [2] township thirty three north range nineteen west, which has not been surveyed and platted into town lots as part of the town of Franconia, estimated to contain thirty acres; also the north east quarter of the south east quarter of section eighteen [18] in township thirty three north of range nineteen west; also the undivided two-fifth part of a certain lot or parcel of land in said town of Franconia, known and described as the "Mill Reserve" as the said town was surveyed and platted by H. H. Newberry, Esq., and is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Chisago County aforesaid together with the steam saw mill, booms and fixtures thereon standing and being and all the appurtenances and hereditaments thereunto appertaining, and all the right, title, interest and estate which the said Ansell Smith had on the 7th day of May 1864 in and to the above described premises, on which the said Ansell Smith shall since have acquired thereunto, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to satisfy the said execution, with interest and expenses of sale.

Dated June 29th, 1864.

J. J. MOSHER,
Sheriff of Chisago County, Minn.

H. N. SETZER,
Plaintiff's Att'y. n34-7t

Miscellaneous.

The New York Weekly Herald.

THE CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE WORLD

The extensive and comprehensive facilities in its possession enables the proprietor of the Weekly Herald to guarantee the latest and most reliable information possibly to be obtained, not only from all parts of the United States, but from all parts of the world.

Its home courespondents, engaged at heavy cost, and connected with each naval and military expedition of the government, prove that it is determined to leave no spot uncovered by its operations and no event can occur that shall not find immediate report in its columns. It costs the proprietor over one hundred thousand dollars per year to maintain its corps of correspondents in the field.

In its collation of Foreign News the Herald has for years held a high position, and it will endeavor in the future to maintain the stand it has assumed. It has special correspondents stationed in all the principal cities of the world.

Its telegraphic arrangements extend to wherever the electric wires are stretched.—When the atlantic cable is laid, which can now soon be accomplished, telegrams will be received from Europe and asia, as well as from the United states. Then our readers will have the events of the week from all parts of the world regularly laid before them.

The proprietor devotes a portion of the paper to Literature, Fashion, the mechanic arts Business, Financial Reports, cattle markets, General News and reports of al events calculated to form an excellent metropolitan newspaper—a weekly photographic view of the events of the world at a very low figure.

The weekly Herald is issued every saturday morning and furnished at the following rates:

One copy, one year	$ 2 00
Three copies, for one year	5 00
Five copies for one year	8 00
Ten copies, for one year	15 00

Any larger number addressed to names of subscribers, $1.50 each.

An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty copies to one address one year, $2 each; and any larger number at same price.

The Daily Herald $10 per year. $5 for six months; $2.50 for three months.

There is no traveling agents.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
Editor and Proprietor.
Northwest cor. Fulton & Nassau-sts
New York city N. Y.

LEVY & DANIELS

Have in store a large assortment of

Ladies Dress Goods,
Sheetings,
Shirtings,
Ticking,
Flannels
of all kinds,
able Cloths,
Napkins,
Towelings,
Towels,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Vestings,
Hosiery,
Woolen &
Cotton Yarns
Zephyrs
Shetland Worsted,
Hoop Skirts,
Balmoral Skirts,
Shawls
Circulars,
Sacques,
Mantillas,
Embroidered
Collars,

Sleeves, Handkerchiefs, Freck Waists, Needle Books, Short Bosoms, Under Garments for Men & men and Children, Oil Cloths and Carpets, a full assortment of Millinery Goods, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Groceries of all kinds, Crockery and Glass Ware, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for Cash only.

Stillwater, July 1864. LEVY & DANIELS.

$75 Agents wanted. $150

To sell Sewing Machines. We will give $150 commission on all machines sold, or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expenses paid. Address, D. I. HERMINGTON & Co., Detroit Mich.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the name of Smith and Castellow is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. John Smith is authorized to settle and close all matters pertaining to the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account at his old stand.

Taylors Falls, Minn. Sept. 13th, 1864.

J. H. SMITH.
J. T. CASTELLOW.

MATRIMONIAL!

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

If you wish to marry, address the undersigned, who will send you without money and without price, valuable information that will enable you to marry happily and speedily, irrespective of age, wealth or country. The information will cost you nothing, and if you wish to marry I will cheerfully assist you.—All letters strictly confidential. The desired information sent by return mail and no questions asked, address:

Sarah B. Lambert, Greenpoint, Kings Co
1 26 NEW YORK.

CHISAGO HOUSE,

TAYLORS FALLS - - MINNESOTA

J. B. BALLARD, Proprietor.

This hotel is well fitted up and affords the very best of accomodations. The tables are at all times furnished with the very best the market affords and no pains or expense will be spared to render guests comfortable.—Meals prepared on the shortest notice.

A good stable is also attached to the house with careful and attentive ostlers so that beast as well as man will receive good care.

L. WYCKOFF. J. H. CLARK, R. W. CLARK

WYCKOFF, CLARK, & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Yankee Notions,
Hats, Caps, Glassware,
Crockery, Hardware, and

GROCERIES,

At the Old Stand Mosher & Humphrey, on the Corner of Government and First Streets,

ARE SELLING OUT THEIR LARGE STOCK OF

NEW GOODS,

They are preparing for the Spring Trade, but have a large and well selected stock of

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS, WHICH ARE OFFERED

to the public at prices

DEFYING COMPETITION.

They believe that the Trading Public can do no better than

BY CALLING AND EXAMINING THEIR STOCK AND PRICES

before purchasing elsewhere.

All kinds of Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.

Taylor's Falls, November 26, 1863. n3

1864. 1864.

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, WINES

CIGARS, &C., &C.

Jackson Street between Levee and Third Streets,

n48 SAINT PAUL.

Furniture! Furniture!!

AT THE

New Cabinet Shop.

IN

TAYLORS FALLS, MINNESOTA.

The subscriber has opened a Cabinet Shop at the stand formerly occupied by J. A. Whitney, and keeps constantly on hand or made to order,

Bureaus, Bedsteads,
Lounges,
Chairs, Tables,
Secretaries,
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
AND ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

Furniture Repaired!

[illegible] will fail to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. Cabinet line promptly attended to.

Coffins made on shortest notice.

Turning done to order.

A good stock of seasoned lumber on hand.

LEONARD F. BULLARD

Taylors Falls, May 21st 1864.

BUY OUR WINES, LIQUORS & Segars of

PAYNE BROTHERS,

Opposite the Chisago House

They have large variety, including Brandies, Wines, Whiskey, and Segars of choice and popular brands.

This is the place for you to apply if you wish to get a number one article.

A Good Billiard Room is also attached.

JAMES PAYNE, JOHN PAYNE,

Taylors Falls, July 21, 1864. 37 1y

FISH'S

LAMP HEATING APPARATUS

BOILING—FRYING—STEWING—STEEPING

WITH THE FLAME THAT LIGHTS THE ROOM

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Which fitted to any common Kerosene Lamp or Gas burner, by which Water may be Boiled and Food cooked; also arranged to support a shade.

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A Well Selected Stock of

FASHIONABLE,
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I will also pay

CASH!

FOR CORN,
OATS,
BEANS,
WHEAT,
BARLEY,
RYE, AND
POTATOES.

Taylors Falls, May 14th, 1864.

THE BEST IS

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1. Fire and Inland Navigation Risks—accepted, now as heretofore, at fair rates and liberal conditions.
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The REPORTER is a Newspaper in every respect calculated for family reading, every issue containing besides the latest news, both local and general, an interesting story, valuable receipts, and a large assortment of miscellaneous reading, interspersed with a good selection of humorous items.

Legals.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the payment and conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 14th day of July A. D., 1859, Executed and delivered by Henry Norurn of Anoka County and State of Minnesota to Charles H. Oakes, of Ramsey County and State aforesaid. Which Mortgage was duly recorded in the Office of the Register of Deed, of the County of Chisago and State of Minnesota on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1859 at eight o'clock P. M., in Book "C," of Mortgages on pages 243 and 244, of the records of said County, in and by which Mortgage said Mortgagor sold, conveyed and mortgaged to said Charles H. Oakes, his heirs and assigns, the following lands and premises lying and being in the County of Chisago and State of Minnesota, and described in said mortgage as follows, to wit: The undivided four fifths (4-5) of the north west quarter and of the west one half [½] of the north east quarter and of the west half of the south west quarter of section two [2] and of the east half [½] of the south east quarter and of the north west quarter of the south east quarter of section eleven [11] all in Township thirty-six [36] north of Range No. twenty-one [21] west.—Also, the undivided two-third parts [⅔] of the east half [½] of the north east quarter and of the north half [½] of the south east quarter of section No. two [2] and of west half [½] of the north west quarter of section No. one [1] all in Township No. thirty-six [36] north of Range twenty-one [21] west of the 4th principal meridian, to secure the payment of the sum of two thousand dollars, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum, in one year from the date of said Mortgage.

According to the terms and conditions of a certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage executed and delivered by said Henry Norburn to said Charles H. Oakes, and which mortgage contains a power of sale duly recorded with said mortgage.

And, whereas, there was due and unpaid upon the property described in said mortgage, delinquent taxes lawfully assessed thereon for the years 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860 and 1861 and for penalties, interest and charges thereon amounting in all to the sum of $180.00 which sum the said Mortgagee did pay to the Treasurer of said Chisago County, on or about the 29th day of July, 1864, and which sum and interest said Mortgagee claims as an additional lien on the said mortgaged lands pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided.

And, whereas, no proceedings have been taken or had at law, or otherwise, to recover the amount secured to be paid by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and there is now due and unpaid upon said mortgage the sum of $2783.33 as principal and interest thereon and the further sum of $180.00 for taxes paid as aforesaid.

Therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the above described mortgaged lands and premises by the sheriff of the said County of Chisago, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the office of the Register of Deeds of said Chisago County in Taylors Falls in said County, on the fourteenth [14th] day of November, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, to satisfy the amount then due upon said mortgage and for taxes paid as aforesaid and the expenses of said sale.

CHARLES H. OAKES, Mortgagee.
VAN ETTEN & OFFICER, Att'ys for Mortgagee.
n46-1-n52 Dated, Sept 14th, 1864, St Paul Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of a mortgage deed bearing date the sixth day of July, 1857, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for Chisago County, Minnesota, on the ninth day of July, 1857, in Book 'B' of Mortgages, pages 260 and 261, Lorenzo O. Lowdon and Nancy E. Lowdon his wife as mortgagors, conveyed to John Warner of Greenwich, in the State of Massachusetts as mortgagee, certain premises described in said indenture, as follows, to wit:—The north east quarter of section number seventeen, in Township thirty-five north of range nineteen west, situate in Chisago County aforesaid, which said mortgage contained the usual power of sale: The said John Warner afterwards by instrument in writing assigned said mortgage to Zeba Snow, which said assignment is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds aforesaid, on the 21st day of June 1858, in Book 'B' of Mortgages, page 592. The said Zeba Snow and John Warner afterwards by instrument in writing assigned said mortgage to William Mallery on the third day of November, 1859, which said last assignment is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds aforesaid, on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1864, in Book 'C' of mortgages, pages 578 and 579. The amount due on said mortgage at the time of the first publication of this notice is the sum of three hundred and ninety-one dollars, and default having been made in the payment of said mortgage, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage. Now therefore notice is hereby given that the said mortgaged premises, to wit:—The north-east quarter of section seventeen, in township thirty-five, north of range nineteen west, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, by the Sheriff of Chisago County aforesaid on Saturday the 10th day of December, 1864, at one o'clock P. M., at the Office of the Register of Deeds of Chisago County in the Town of Taylors Falls in said County.

Dated October 22nd, 1864,

WILLIAM MALLERY,
Assignee of Mortgagee,

H. N. SETZER,
Attorney for Assignee. 38-2 4

HOWARD ASSOCIATION.

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For the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with virulent and chronic diseases, and especially for the cure of diseases of the sexual organs.

Medical advice given gratis, by the acting Surgeon.

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Including Tobacco, Cigars, Wines, Liquors, and pure Old Rye and Bourbon Whiskies.

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They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident, it is readily replaced.

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They have engaged a competent man, and having thoroughly repaired the Machine, feel satisfied the work can be done better than ever before.

Until their

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Is finished, the machine will be run in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Walcott.

The Highest Market Price Paid for Wool.

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Are **profitable** and **available a lifetime.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

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Goods are very high, and everybody should save all they can; therefore go to

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Reporter's Column.

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Taylors Falls Reporter.

OLD SERIES Vol 4. No. 36 | TAYLORS FALLS, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1864. | NEW SERIES Vol. 2 No. 2.

The Taylors Falls Reporter.

CHAS. W. & ED. H FOLSOM,

EDITORS & PUBLISHERS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

OFFICE—CORNER SECOND AND RIVER STREETS

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—Two Dollars a year. Single copies, in wrappers, five cents.

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P. J. Anderson,

NEXT DOOR TO THE DRUG STORE.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired in a neat and workmanlike manner.

Taylors Falls, Minn. May 21st 1864.

AMERICAN HOUSE.

JOHN MOLE Proprietor

SUNRISE CITY, - - - - MINNESOTA.

Having lately made an addition to the above house I am now prepared to accommodate all. The tables are always well set.

A good stable is attached

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Taylors Falls, Minnesota. v1-n1

STANNARD & SETZER.

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AT LAW,

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Will also attend to the payment of taxes for non-residents, in the counties of Chisago and Pine, Minnesota, and the county of Polk, Wisconsin. tf

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

(Successor to Geo. W. Seymour.)

BENCH ST., TAYLOR FALLS.

Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Inks, Stationery, Perfumery of all kinds, garden seeds, patent medicines, trusses, choice liquors for medicinal and mechanical purposes, paints, oils, varnishes, dyestuffs, paint brushes, bird cages, kerosene oil and burners, lamp chimneys, shades, &c., &c.

A complete assortment of everything in his line of business, and at low prices for cash

Taylor's Falls. v1

BENJ. ILLINGWORTH,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER.

Just removed from Nelson to the city of

STILLWATER.

Particular attention given to repairing fine Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Shop on Main st., directly opposite Westing & Torinus' store. A large assortment of Watches and Clocks on hand and for sale at the lowest rates. B. ILLINGWORTH

Stillwater, Nov. 3d, 1864. 1 2-

$75 Agents Wanted. $150

To sell Sewing Machines. We will give 2 commission on all machines sold, or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all expenses paid. Address, D. B. HEMINGTON & Co., Detroit, Mich.

Miscellaneous.

A Good Joke

One fine winter evening, early in the present century, Colonel ——(Blank—a queer name, is it not?) and his maiden sister, Patty, were sitting, one on each side of a delightful hickory fire, enjoying their *otium cum dignitas*, without any interruption, for neither of them had spoken a word for at least an hour; and that, considering the sex of Miss Patty, was certainly very remarkable. The colonel was sitting cross-legged, in a great arm-chair, with his pipe in one hand, newspaper in the other, spectacles on—fast asleep. Miss Patty was moving herself gently backward and forward, in a low rocking-chair—sitting as straight as an arrow—knitting. Close at her feet was Miss Puss, her paws tucked tacitly under her, dozing very comfortably, and evincing her satisfaction by uttering forth a monotonous, though rather a musical purr—while Mr. Carlo was stretched out at full length on the rug in front of the fire, and like his master—sound asleep

At length, the colonel, rousing from his nap, took off his spectacles, and rubbed his eyes, then glancing them at a huge pile of paper, that lay on the table near him, said—yawning at the same time most emphatically,

"I wish Henry was here, to help me about my rents."

"Well, I really wish he was," answered his sister.

"I can't expect him this month, yet," yawned the colonel

Upon this the dog got up and walked toward the door.

"Where are you going, Carlo?" said the old gentleman.

The dog looked in his master's face, wagged his tail a little, but never said a word and pursued his way towards the door, and as he could not very well open it himself, Miss Patty got up and opened it for him. The colonel seemed perfectly satisfied, and was composing himself for another nap, when the loud and joyful barking of the dog, announcing the approach of some one, induced him to alter his determination. Presently the door was violently opened, and a young man gayly entered the room.

"Why, William Henry, is that you?" said Aunt Patty.

"Harry, my boy, I'm heartily glad to see you," said the colonel, getting entirely on his chair, and giving his nephew a substantial shake of the hand. "Pray what has brought you here so suddenly?"

"Do tell," said Aunt Patty, peeping over her spectacles.

"Oh! I don't know," said Henry. "It's rather dull in town, so I thought I would just step up and see how you all come on."

"Well, I'm deuced glad to see you—sit down," said the colonel.

"So do," said his sister.

But Henry instead of doing as he was bid, hopped out of the room, but soon hopped in again, with a bottle in each hand, and giving one of them to the old lady, he said.

"There aunt, is a bottle of first-rate snuff for you—and here uncle, is an old capital Maraschino."

"Thank you, my boy," said the colonel. "Positively, it does my heart good to see you in such fine spirits."

"And mine too," said his sister "What did you have to pay for this snuff?"

Here Carlo began to jump upon him; so he was not obliged to hear the question, but laviled himself in keeping off the dog.

"Down, Carlo?" shouted the colonel, a little sternly; and down went the dog, with a look so humble and dejected that the colonel began to feel sorry that he had spoken so cross. So, stretching out his hand, he patted the dog affectionately on the head—saying.

"Why, Carlo, poor Carlo, you need not feel so bad; I only wanted you to be a little more polite."

Carlo pricked up his ears, and showed other signs of returning animation, though he did not immediately recover his spirits. But he looked up with an expression that seemed to say, "You need make no apology, sir," and settled himself in dignified silence, under his master's chair.

In the meantime, Henry (anxious, either to help his uncle or himself, I cannot say which) had broken the seal from the top of the bottle of cordial, and drawing to cook, while Aunt Patty got some glasses.

"Well, my boy," said the colonel, whose good humor increased every moment, "What's the news in Boston! anything happened?"

"No—yes," said Henry, bursting into a violent fit of laughter. "Yes," continued he, as soon he had recovered himself. "I have got one of the best jokes to tell you that you ever heard of in your life."

"No!" exclaimed his uncle with animation.

"Do tell," said Aunt Patty taking a pinch of snuff.

Now the colonel was noted for his extraordinary relish of a good joke, even though he was a sufferer by it himself.

"Come, let's have it" said he filling his glass,

"La, suz," said Aunt Patty.

"Well, you must know," said Henry hardly able to keep from laughing, "that while I was in town I met with an old and particular friend of mine, about my own age," here he stroked his beard, "a confounded clever fellow, very good looking, but as poor as poverty." (Here he thrust one hand into his pocket, and commenced jingling at his penknives, keys, pocket-comb, and halfcent pieces.) "About two months ago, he fell desperately in love with a young lady, and wants to marry her, he dares not without the consent of his uncle, a very fine old gentleman, as rich as Croesus—to take a little more cordial."

"Why don't his uncle wish him to marry?"

"Oh yes! but there's the rub He is very anxious that Bill should get a wife, but he's terribly afraid that he'll be taken in, Because it is generally understood that he is to be the old gentleman's heir. And for this reason, his uncle, although very liberal in everything else, suspects every young lady, that pays his nephew the least attention, of being a fortune-hunter."

"The old rip," said the colonel; "why can't he let the boy have his own way?"

"I think as much," said Miss Patty.

Puss got up, stretched herself, and began to sneeze.

"'Scat," said Miss Patty—and away went Puss

"Well, how did he manage?" said the colonel.

"Why," said Henry, laughing, "he was in a confounded pickle. He was afraid to ask his uncle's consent right out; he could not manage to let him see the girl, for she lives at some distance. But he knew that his uncle enjoyed a good joke, and was an enthusiastic admirer of beauty. So, what does he do—but go and have her miniature taken, for she was extremely beautiful, besides being intelligent and accomplished."

"Beautiful, intelligent and accomplished," exclaimed the colonel, "pray, what objection could the old fool have to her?"

"Why—she is not worth a cent," said Henry.

"Fudge," said the colonel; "I wish I had been in the old chap's place—but how did he get along?"

"Why, as I said, he had her picture taken, and as it was about time for collecting rents, he thought it would make the old gentleman good natured if he went home and offered to assist him. So home went taking with him a parcel oranges. By the by—that puts me in mind—I bought some at the same place, but have left them in the hall." So, skipping out of the room, he returned with a handkerchief filled with some of the finest oranges that ever came over; and handing one of them to his aunt, he laid the rest on the table beside his uncle.

The old gentleman smiled in every corner of his face, and put his hand into his pocket.

"Why didn't he marry her at once, and leave the rest to chance?" asked the colonel. "Shoot me, if I would not."

"Why—you must know that Bill loves his uncle as well as if he had been his own father—for the old gentleman had been as good as a father to him. So he could not bear the idea of getting married without asking his consent. And then you see, he could be married at home, and that would just suit his uncle for he is mighty fond of a good frolic now and then."

"He deserves to have her for that one thing," said the colonel, with emotion. "Shoot me, if I don't wish I had been his uncle. Don't you think so Carlo?" addressing the dog who was just coming from under his chair.

"Yes, sir," said Carlo—or rather seemed to say; for he looked up with an expression so intelligent, that it conveyed the meaning as plainly as though he had spoken it in words,

"La, suz!" said Aunt Patty.

"Positively, colonel, I think you have got the finest dog in the country," said Henry patting Carlo on the head.

Now, if there was one thing that the old gentleman liked better than to be called colonel, it was to have his dog praised. So he grew warmer and warmer, and presently pulled out his pocket-book.

"Well," said he, "did he give his consent? What comes next?"

"Why," said Henry, "the old gentleman was mightly tickled to see him, and mightly tickled to see the oranges. So he bade him a hearty welcome, and asked him all about everything, and every body in town. This was just what Bill wanted. So, after answering all inquiries, he takes the miniature out of his pocket, and, handing it to his uncle, asked him how he liked it—telling him that a particular friend lent it to him. The old gentleman was in an ecstacy of delight, and declared he would give the world to see a woman as handsome as that, and that Bill might have her."

"Ha!" shouted the colonel, "The old chap was well come up with. The best joke I ever heard of—but was she really so beautiful?"

"The most angelic creature I ever saw," said Henry. "But you may judge for yourself. He lent me the picture, and knowing your taste that way, I brought it for you to look at." Here Henry took it out of his pocket, and handed it to his uncle, at the same time refilling his glass.

"Do tell," said Aunt Patty—getting out of the chair to look at the picture. "Well now, it that ain't a beauty!"

"You may well say that, sister," said the colonel. "Shoot me, if I don't wish I had been in Bill's place. Deuce take it, why didn't you get the girl yourself, Harry! The most beautiful creature I ever laid my eyes on! I'd give a thousand dollars for such a niece."

"Would you?" said Henry, patting the dog.

"Yes, that I would," said the colonel, "and nine thousand more upon the top of it, and that makes ten thousand—shoot me, if I wouldn't!" and the colonel wiped his eyes.

"Do tell," said Aunt Patty.

"Then I'll introduce her to you to-morrow," said Henry.

And so he did; and in due time they were married.

Thackeray on Death.

It would be singular to learn the real opinions of the notable men of the day on the "last of earth"—Probably few in their published works tell really what they feel on this subject, but sometimes they unveil the thoughts in private letters as Thackeray has done in a letter to Mr. W. B. Reed, of Philadelphia. Mr. Thackeray writes on hearing of the death of Mr. Reed's brother:

"The ghostly struggle, over, who would pity any one that departs? It is the survivors one commiserates in the case of such a good, pious, tender-hearted man as he seemed whom God Almighty has just called back to himself He appeared to me to have all the sweet domestic virtues which make the pang of parting only the more cruel to those who are left behind, but that loss, what a gain to him! A just man summoned by God, for what purpose can he go but to meet the Divine love and good? I never think about deploring such; and as you and I send for our children, meaning them only love and kindness, how much more Pater Noster?"

The late Marquis of Waterford, of Ireland, was in the habit of riding in the second-class carriages of the railroad in his vicinity. Such a course very highly disgusted the proprietors, and they resolved to cure the marquis, as they said, of his eccentricity. Accordingly, on one occasion, as he was sitting in a second class-carriage, a sweep, who had previously been in a third-class compartment, was invited out, and place by the marquis's side. His lordship immediately got out and purchased a first-class ticket, on delivering which to him the clerk laughed, as if the company had gained a victory. But Lord Waterford quietly returned to the train, gave the first-class ticket to the sweep, gravely escorted him from his place in the second-class carriage, from which the proprietors never again sought to remove him.

I have an affection—never much indulged—for a clean, crisp greeback of the modest denomination of L., 50 I like it as a *chef d' oeuvre* from the engraver's burin; I value it for what it can do for me; but I respect it because it is a little mortgage on half a continent with all its wealth of mines, meadows and men of hearts and of harvests; but I reverence it because it represents hands that are true, a million strong and hopes that are loyal, even as the stars of heaven.—Divested of all the fiction of the men that would part Liberty's garments and cast lot for its vesture, that parallelogram is a pledge at once of the faith and the welfare of my country.—*B. F. Taylor.*

About Rings.

There are few people who taken a interest in the subject of rings. We all have them—they seem, as a gift, so natural and touching an emblem of another's affection:

Of all the familiar objects of domestic life, it may be remarked, none are so intimately connected with our deepest feelings and most cherished memories as rings. The spousal ring touches the chords of all that is noble and elevated in either sex; it is "the enchantment of human life," calling up devotion and chivalric tenderness in man, and mellowing the kindly impulses which draw the maiden to all that is good, into the most intense and self-denying love for one. Friendship and departed relatives leave their mementoes with us in rings. Who cares for a ring that has no fond memory clinging to it? The whole life history of two souls is compassed in the wedding ring. Love, loss chastisement, endurance, the false life of the past dropping away, glimpses of the perfect furture revealing themselves, the unfolding of aims and hopes that are the buds of our race's development—such winged thoughts hover around wedding-rings. There is no romance for those who can read it like that of an old wedding-ring. The thoughts it awakes in a contemplative mind are precious and bright as its own gold—bright as its lustre, and boundless as the circle of eternity.

The mottoes of rings form a curious department of archæology. At the present day, perhaps, because we are less sentimental than our great-great-grandparent. No one ever thinks of having more than a few initials engraved within a ring; but during the sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth centuries, it was a very common practice to have mottoes inscribed within the hoop spousal, nuptial, or merely representation rings. These were sometimes called "gipsy rings," probably from such rings having been hawked about the country by the gipsies or Bohemians, the East having always been famous for such amulets. The motto itself was called the "posy" or "chanson." Numerous collections of such mottos have been formed, from some of which we will extract a few for the reader's edification The ring with which Bishop Pull wedded his wife had a good instances of these "posies" upon it:—"God make me a good mother and an obedient housewife."

Ring posies are either double or single. The double ones are generally serious: such are:

God our love continue ever,
That we in heaven may live together.

Or:

Let him never take a wife,
That will not love her as his life,

Occasionally they take a lighter tone:

If I think my wife is fair,
What need other people care?

Love him who gave thee this ring of gold:
'Tis he must kiss thee when th' art old.

'Tis fit men should not be alone,
Which made Tom to marry Jone.

As for the last double posy we shall quote, it is to be hoped that the gentleman who gave the ring had not afterwards to repent of his confidence:

I did then commit no folly.
When I married my sweet Molly.

Single posies are very varied. Here are two beautiful lines to head our list:

God above, send peace and love,
God and thee, my comfort be.

Several more worth quoting cannot be classified: we will give them all around, as Perdita distributed flowers to her guests:

Sweet heart I pray, do say nay.

Love me little, but love me long.

I bid adieu, to all but you.

For a kiss, take this.

Like and take, mislike forsake.

This and my heart.

True blue will never stain.

One more must be mentioned in a year when everything turns to Shakspeare's honor—Nerissa's ring.

Whose posy was,
For all the world, like cutler's poetry,
Upon a knife—*Love me and leave me not.*

The Indian Murderer—He Is Possessed of a Spirit.

The Superior *Gazette* makes the following mention of the Indian who committed the recent murder in Pine County:

This Renegade—who has long been outlawed by every Indian band and tribe of Chippewas, for his villainous disposition—spent a portion of the past summer in this neighborhood and was at the recent payment at Fondulac. He pretends to be a *Manitou*, and claims that a spirit does all his diabolical work for him, such as stealing, etc.

Last spring he was handcuffed and shackled in the jail at Crow Wing, for stealing; next morning he was gone, without leaving any clue to the manner of his escape. At the payment at Fondulac his performances equalled those of the celebrated Davenport brothers. He was tied in every conceivable manner, hands, feet, arms and legs with bedcords, over all this, a fishnet was wrapped some fifty times, and then lashed, which took nearly half an hour. He was then placed in a wigwam, some twenty feet high, and in about two minutes, the ropes were thrown out of the smoke-hole at the top of the wigwam, done up as nice as when bought at the store. All the time he was talking with his spirit, as he said, at the top of the wigwam, and both voices were plainly audible to those outside; in a few minutes he came out perfectly free. That he is a ventriloquist and a hard case, there is no doubt.

Business Men in Business Hours.

The social nature of the man of business may be said to be under a cloud during business hours. Under the pressure of numerous and varied responsibilities, his genial qualities, whatever they may be, are necessarily held in obeyance. Expect nothing of him when he is in the harness, save the gait and style of action that belongs to the business course. He is running against time, and has no leisure time for curvetting and caracolling.

Your idler who drops in upon the business man during the burden and heat of the commercial day is apt to find him "grumpy." Grumpy is an epithet which the Do-nothings of the world are rather fond of applying to pre-occupied men whose working moments are too precious to be wasted in ceremony. Ask the untimely counting-house visitor if he was treated with incivility, and he will probably answer—"why no, not exactly with *incivility;* but Mr So-and-so was short and abrupt in his manner, and he did not even invite me to sit down."

Most worshipful Trifler whose object is to kill time, while that of the gentleman you were so *uncivil* as to annoy is to make the most of it, how do you suppose Mr. So-and-so would get through his herculean daily labors if he were not short and abrupt in his questions and replies? Should he ask every lame who calls upon him to sit down, how many chairs do you think he would need in his office? Do you imagine he likes to transact his private business in the midst of a crowd, or that if he sought golden opinions from you, or such as you, by doing the agreeable when he might be doing the profitable, he would achieve fortune or the respect of the business world? Business men are the salt of the earth; they cannot afford to waste their savor on the moribund loungers who go roaming through the community in search of places to expend their vagabondism in.

Rewards of Genious.

In the reign of James I. Hugh Myddleton, an in genious man, undertook to bring a river of pure water above thirty-eight miles out of its natural course for the supply of London. He perserved in this immense undertaking, in spite of every diffiently, till he at last accomplished that great good which he had proposed, of bringing wholesome water to every man's door. At the present time the New river, which was the work of Hugh Myddleton, supplies 23,000,000 of gallons of water every day; and though the original projector was *ruined by the undertaking*, in consequence of the diffiently which he had of procuring proper support, such is now the general benefit which he procured for his fellow citizens, and so desirous are the people to possess that advantage, that a share in the New river company, which was at first sold at £100, is now £15,000,

A FAST young man on his return from his first visit to the West was glowingly describing the beauty of the situation and the fertility of the soil of a town where he had spent about two months. "How about the water, Gus?" asked an inquisitive friend. "I forgot to try it!" responded he.

SEVEN of the oldest and largest banks of Phiadelphia have come over in a body to the National Banking system, and recognized under its provision. Three more have followed their example, and of all the remaning banks of the city, every one is taking steps in the same direction—two only excepted—which are happened by an embarrassment, arising out of the late renewal of their charters.

In Pennsylvania, tar is manufatured from knots of pitch pine. The manufacture of this substitute for North Carolina tar is carried of quite extensively.

The Taylors Falls Reporter.

SATURDAY NOVEMBER 1, 1864

County Officers.

Clerk of the District Court—Luther Wyckoff
Register of Deeds—Isaac Rice.
Judge of Probate—L. K. Stannard
County Auditor—H. Wallbrack
County Treasurer—William Conger.
Coroner—G. L. Blood
County Surveyor—L. K. Stannard.

WHAT ARE OUR PROSPECTS?

As was announced at the time, the Taylors Falls REPORTER commenced its second volume with the last issue. For the past year, the paper has been conducted irrespective of the support given it,—the publisher deeming this the best method of securing the confidence of the people, which seemed to have been somewhat shaken. Hereafter the REPORTER will be published by Edson Brothers, who trust that it will receive the full support of our cititizens. We wish to call the attention of the entire County to this subject for a short time, and then we will give them no further trouble in this way,—knowing that continuous harping, through the paper itself, about its lack of support, is both offensive and useless to the subscribers. What we now desire is to have the friends of a paper give their aid in procuring subscriptions. If any responsible person thinks that he would be able to obtain subscribers in his vicinity, we would be glad to forward sample copies of the paper to him. We are well awar that business has been somewhat depressed on account of the dry season and low water, but we do not consider this a sufficient reason for our citizens to relinquish support to any of their institutions, calculated to aid in the advancement of the town and its interests, on the contrary we hold it to be more to their advantage to exert themselves in sustaining them. Our terms are *invariably in advance*, and the time for which most of our subscribers have paid has expired, and as we are confined to our office, all such will please call immediately.

THE NEWS

A gentleman from the Valley to-day states that the largest part of Sheridan's army is in the neighborhood of Winchester, while the enemy is at New Market, receiving reinforcements.

The *Tribune's* letter, Army of the Potomac, says affairs are uncommonly dull. The nights are stormy and cold. There is not an item of news.

INFORMATION was received in Washington on the 14th inst., that the steamboat Jupiter, attached to the Potomac flotila, exploded her boiler, on Friday last, down the river, causing a frightful sacrifice of life. Of 65 persons on board only 10 are accounted for.

THE steamer Africa, from Liverpool the 29th ult., and Queenstown the 30th arrived at Halifax on the 9th. Muller, the railway murderer has been sentenced to death without hope of reprieve.

The Paris papers publish a telegram from Calcutta, giving the following details of the destruction caused by the late hurricane at Calcutta. One hundred and ten ships were wrecked, and twelve thousand persons drowned. The total loss is estimated at 200 000 000 francs. A great portion of the city inundated and the village bordering on the river were under water.

IT is officially announced that the efficiency of the army in the field requires that furloughs of all the regimental officers and enlisted men from duty, shall terminate on the 14th instant—Provost Marshals are required to take measures to have such officers and soldiers returned to their proper commands.

The total losses of the rebel General Price in Missouri, from the commencement of the campaign at Pilot Knob down to the time when he took refuge in the eastern part of Kansas on the 26th ult., are estimated at over 3 700 killed and wounded and about 3,000 prisoners.

The entire Union loss was 1,400 when Gen. Pleasanton relinquished the pursuit of Price's shattered army on the 26th ult. The pursuit was taken up by Curtis, who sometime since, as our readers are aware, drove the rebels across the Missouri border into Kansas.

A rebel telegraph dispatch from Savannah, Ga., says Col. Mallard and Capt. Hatch, the Union and rebel exchange commissioners had an entirely satisfactory interview on the Savannah river, on Friday last, in reference to the exchange of 10 000 prisoners on each side, and that the transfers of them to their respective authorities would commence on the next day.

The *Commercial's* Washington special says, from the fact that officers and soldiers on furloughs were expected yesterday, it is thought that Grant contemplates another movement in a few days. It is certain he will make another effort before going into winter quarters, which however, will depend on Sheridan's movements.

It also insists Gen. McClellan has resigned his commission in the army and that the resignation was received at the War Department yesterday. His letter is brief and pointed.

The appropriations of the last session of Congress exceed $832 000 000, not including interest on public debt.

THE ELECTIONS.

The news is fast simmering to a point from which it is discernable that McClellan will get only three States, New Jersey, Delaware and Kentucky. In New York the majority for Lincoln will be about 8 000, while Fenton, Governor in opposition to Seymour is elected by 9 000. Seymour runs ahead of his ticket 1,000.

Of the 231 votes cast in the electoral college, it is estimated Mr. Lincoln will receive 210

Maine—Lincoln's majority is 18,000 on the home vote, with from 5,000 to 7,000 additional on the soldier's vote.

California—Lincoln's majority will reach 25 000.

Nevada and Oregon—Both will give about two thousand majority for Lincoln.

Pennsylvania—The majority will be about 15 000 or 20 000 without the soldiers' vote in the field.

Rhode Island—Exclusive of the soldiers' vote Lincoln's majority will be 5,061.

Iowa—40,000 majority for the Union Ticket.

Ohio—The majority for Lincoln including the soldier's vote is 70 000.—Seventeen out of nineteen Congressmen are elected by the Union party.

Illinois—Lincoln's majority, 30 000, with eleven Congressmen to three for the Copperheads.

Missouri—Lincoln's majority is probably 10 000. The proposition for a State Convention to amend the Constitution has been carried, and a considerable majority of radical delegates elected who are committed to immediate emancipation. The convention will meet on the 6th of January.

Wisconsin—will give Lincoln about 8,000 majority on the home vote.

Kansas—Lincoln 20,000 and McClellan 15 000.

County Election.

The vote of the county was canvassed last Saturday. The table below shows how the votes stood for elector and representatives. The rest of the tickets ran about the same as the electors:

	LINCOLN.	MCCLELLAN.	SMITH.	W. A. E.	WYKOFF.	HALLGARD.	LOCKWOOD.
Taylors Falls	10	21	2	31	69	66	15
Franconia	62	8	30	14	31	49	1
Chisago Lake	98	2	55	29	65	63	15
Wyoming	65	4	68	22	7	45	1
Amador	9	2	9	9	—	—	2
Sunrise	2	29	19	19	7	6	29
Rushseba	51	13	2	2	9	9	13
	333	88	150	126	188	229	73

MINNESOTA.

We have not space to recount the victories at the ballot-box throughout Minnesota, suffice it to say it has rolled up a majority of 7.400 for Lincoln.

OUR MAIL.—Our subscribers will all mourn the expiration of the summer mail contract, when they learn that hereafter we are to be benighted with only two mails a week! We believe that a change could be effected in this for the present winter. Measures can at least be put on foot to have an alteration at some future day. In connection with this arrangement we shall not issue the paper till Saturday forenoon.

The County Seat Question

DECISION OF JUDGE McCLURE.

Taylors Falls to Remain the County Seat.

Below we give the decision of Judge McClure, on the County Seat Question:

[DECISION.]

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA—Chisago County—District Court First Judicial District.

N. C. D. Taylor agst *Joshua L. Taylor, Smith Ellison L. Lees, and S. Stark—County Commissioners of the County of Chisago.*

In reference to the first point made in the notice of contest, in this cause, to-wit: the illegality of said election, I am of the opinion that the facts therein stated are not sufficient to authoriz the granting of the relief demanded by the contestant.

In reference to the second point made by the contestant, I am of the opinion that the act of March 3: 1863 for the removal of the county seat requires a majority of *all the electors* of the county of Chisago to adopt it, before such removal is authorized.

The first section of the Act of March 1863 reads as follows, "The County seat of Chisago County is removed from Taylors Falls to Chisago City, subjected to the promise contained in section seven (7)." Section seven of that act is in the following language: "This act shall take effect and be in force after its submission to the electors of said county, at the next general election after the passage thereof, and its adoption *by a majority of such electors, and not before*, &c."

It appears clear to me from the language of the law, that the intention of the Legislature was to submit the question of the removal to *all* the electors of the county and that a majority of all to whom the question was submitted should adopt it before a removal should take place.

In folio (11) eleven, of the notice of the contest, it is alleged that the number of votes for the removal was two hundred and nine, and the number against removal was one hundred and forty-six. In folio fifteen (15) in the notice there is a positive averment that the whole number of qualified electors of the County of Chisago *exceeds four hundred and eighty six*. Now the aggregate number of votes in the county being admitted to be a number exceeding four hundred and eighty six (by the state of pleadings) and the number of votes cast for the removal two hundred and nine, which number of votes not being a majority of votes of all the electors in where the subject of the removal of the County seat was submitted by the act of March 3: 1863. I am of the opinion that the act was adopted by a majority of the electors of the county of Chisago, and that the County seat should not be removed from Taylors Falls to Chisago City under and by virtue of the election in said cause referred to.

Dated this 7th day of Nov. 1864.

CHARLES McCLURE,
Dist. Judge &c.

[REPUBLICAN SUBSCRIPTION REPORTER]

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA—Chisago County—District Court 1st Judicial District.

N. C. D. Taylor agst. *Joshua L. Taylor, Smith Ellison, L. Lees and S. Stark—county Commissioners of the County of Chisago.*

This cause came on for hearing at the General Term of the district Court, of the above-said county of Chisago on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1864 on demurrer to notice of contest. After hearing the argument of the Attorneys for the respective parties, and by their consent said cause was submitted to the Court and taken under advisement.

After due consideration it is hereby ordered and adjudged that said demurrer be overruled, and that Taylors Falls in the County of Chisago, be and the same is hereby adjudged to be the County Seat of said Chisago County any proceedings heretofore had under the act of March 3d 1863, entitled "an act for the removal of the county seat of Chisago County from Taylors Falls to Chisago City, notwithstanding.

CHARLES McCLURE,
Dist. Judge, &c.

Dated this 7th day of Nov 1864

THE Chicago dailies have made another advance in their subscription rates.

A LIBRARY.

MR. EDITOR.—Winter has come and with it long evenings and a semi-weekly mail depriving us of our usual reading matter and the question now forces itself upon us why can we not have a Library Association. Perhaps, some will say it would be a fine idea, but from whence is the money for such an enterprise to come? Let me suggest a plan. There are probably in every house in the town, books which the owners have read and laid aside. Let such be brought forward, and those who have no books pay their proportionate amount and send for books. For two Library Associations of Saint Paul having united and they have in many instances duplicates. These are perfectly good and many of the latest works and they are willing to dispose of them. Now then here is an opportunity of obtaining books. I hope some active measures will be taken in this matter. LABOR.

We fully agree with our correspondent in the above paragraph and can think of no better way for a part time than the establishment of a Library Association here. Nothing would be more easily done. We propose that a time be appointed for holding a meeting, and the necessary measures taken to have a Library here as soon as possible.

EXECUTION OF DESERTERS.—A special order has been issued from the head quarters of the department of the Northwest for the execution of three "bounty jumpers," at Fort Snelling on the 28th inst. They are young and single men, two others, "ex-rebs," have been sentenced, and and the day of their execution fixed on the 5th of December. They are both hard characters and have families.

WE deem it proper to call the attention of the authorities to the state of the bridge at the head of Green Lake in the Western part of the county. This is one of the prettiest lakes in this vicinity, and we hate to see this obstruction (in the eyes of travelers) to its beauty, removed.

SNOW.—About four inches of snow fell throughout the country the first of the week which will be a great help to the lumbermen, many of whom have commenced their winters work.

GODEY.—The closing number of this volume is received. With the next number commences the new volume—It will be furnished by us, with the REPORTER at $4.50 per annum. Put in your names.

LAST Saturday ice formed to such a thickness that the skaters again made their appearance. Navigation is once more closed on the St. Croix.

CHOSEN.—Miss S. E. Scribs closed a second term of school in this place yesterday. The progress of the scholars in their studies during the past terms are sufficient guarantee of her ability as a teacher.

NOTICE.—In accordance with the Proclamation of President Lincoln and Governor Miller, Divine Service will be held in the church at 10½ A. M. on next Thursday—Thanksgiving day.

A COACH from Rochester to St. Paul, upset on the 12th inst., breaking a lady's collar bone and seriously injuring another passenger.

IT is officially suggested that persons sending packages to soldiers, write on a card the full address and fasten it securely to the contents of the packages, inside the wrapper, and this will secure prompt delivery.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—County of Chisago—In Probate Court Nov. 11 A. D. 1864

In the matter of the application of Frances L. Smith widow of Doctor Lucius B. Smith late of Chisago county, Minnesota deceased, praying for certain therein set forth that letters of administration issue to Silas Smith, Murcy and Lorse F. jointly to administer upon the estate of Lucius B. Smith deceased

Now upon reading and filing said application it is ordered that said application be heard before the Judge of Probate at his office in the town of Taylors Falls Chisago county Minn. on Monday the 3rd day of Dec A. D. 1864, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the heirs and all other persons interested in said estate by causing a copy of this order to be published for 3 successive weeks in the Taylors Falls REPORTER, a weekly newspaper printed in Chisago County which said publication shall be prior to said day of hearing

Taylors Falls Nov. 11th 1864.

L. K. STANNARD,
Judge of Probate.

Capture of the Florida.

The following is a brief account of the circumstances of the capture of the pirate:

The Florida arrived at Bahia, Bay of San Salvador on the 5th ult. On the night of the 7th ult., Captain Collins, having held a consultation with his officers, determined to sink the Florida in port. Accordingly at about three o'clock the sides were slipped and the Wachuset steered for the Florida, hitting her on the quarter without doing great injury. Captain Collins now called out to those on board the pirate to surrender or he would sink her. This demand was replied to by the First Lieutenant that "under the circumstances he surrendered." A hawser was now made fast, chain slipped, and the Florida towed to sea. But the melee several pistol shots were fired, and accidentally, two guns from the Wachuset.

Capt. Morris and half the Florida's crew were ashore on liberty. No lives were lost. The Florida was taken completely by surprise, seventy of her men, it was known being on shore, and the others just returned from liberty were asleep and half intoxicated. The blow carried away the mizzen mast and main yard, which fell on the awning preventing any one from getting up from below. Some corrections was the officer of the deck on the return of the Wachuset's Captain that he sang out: "You will run into us, if you don't take care!" at the same time calling for a light.

Sherman.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

The *Herald* has a sketch of the movements of Sherman and Hood since September, when Hood commenced his flanking movement. By November, says the *Herald* the army of the Tennessee had left Rome and was en route to Atlanta.

On November 4th the 5th, 14th 15th, 16th, 17th and 20th corps had been concentrated at the last named city and rapid preparations were being made to begin the march. Sherman sent in the highest spirits and telegraphed his intentions in these remarkable words:—"Hood has crossed the Tennessee.—Thomas will take care of him and Nashville, while Schofield will not let him into Chattanooga. Alabama, Georgia and South Carolina are at my mercy, and I shall strike. Do not be anxious about me. I am all right."

This is his plan. Rebel papers already announce that he has started on his march. Where is he going? Milledgeville, where the rebels have 20,000 prisoners penned up like hogs, lies in his way.

But a few days ago Sherman wrote to the President of the St. Louis Sanitary Commission:

"I thank you for the prompt fulfillment of my request to send supplies to our prisoners at Andersonville. Things have changed since and *I may be able to go in person to deliver these articles to the prisoners.*"

St. Louis, Nov. 15.

A gentleman from Sherman's headquarters, at Kingston Georgia, on the 9th, says that the General is, by this time considerable distance on the war path. His army consists of the 14th corps, Gen. Jeff C. Davis; the 10th, Gen. Stedman; 17th, Gen. Logan; 20th, Gen. Slocum; 15 000 cavalry under Kilpatrick, and a brigade of artillery not allotted, making a total force of between 50 000 and 60 000 men splendidly equipped and supplied with every appliance of war.

All public buildings, depots, manufactories, &c., in Atlanta, were rendered worthless, as well as the railroads north and south of the city. All the surrounding defensive works were destroyed. There is to be no turning back, and nothing left behind of value to the enemy.

In Doubts.

In the election at New York:

Among the incidents of the election, we have heard of none more amusing than the following: August Belmont waited an hour and a half in the rain to cast his vote at the corner of Broadway and Nineteenth st. Instead of being allowed to vote, this illustrious chief engineer of the Democratic machine found himself challenged because he had made a bet. To lose one's vote and one's money is certainly a little hard.

One of our people in the Ninth Ward of Brooklyn was on Monday night challenged by a notorious Copperhead to bet a small sum on the State. Yesterday morning the Copperhead challenged his vote. In turn our friend challenged the vote of Mr. Copperhead, who in his haste to make a point had forgotten to first secure himself, and in the course of an hour spiked the guns of a dozen others of the same stripe, by betting small sums with them, and quietly posting our people at the polls of the fact. This ingenious mode of making reprisals becoming noised abroad, excited a good deal of amusement on our side, but the enemy felt very sore over it.

EVER the recent raid on St. Albans an old gentleman got a rifle shot at the party as they were leaving the place, and brought down a hog containing $1,100,

Leap Year.

The following extract from a quaint old Law Book printed in the year 1605, discloses the rights and duties of maids and bachelors during this eventful year.

"Albeit, it is now becoming a parte of the Common Lawe, in regarde to the social relaxation of life, that so often as everie bessexstile year doth return, the ladyes have the sole privilege; seeing the time continueth of making love unto the men, which they may do either by words or Books, as unto them seemeth proper, and moreover, no man will be entitled to the benefits of clergy who dothe refuse to accept the offers of the ladye, or who dothe in any wise treat her proposals with slight or contumely."

HUMAN FEET.—The French foot is meagre, narrow and bony; the Spanish is small and elegantly formed—thanks to its Moorish blood, corresponding with the Castilian pride—"high in the instep." The Irish is proverbial for its high arch; "a stone can run under the hollow of it." The foot of the Scotch is large and thick; that of the Irish flat and square; the English short and fleshy. The American foot is apt to be disproportionately small. A foot, for both beauty and speed, should be arched, fairly rounded, and its length proportioned to the height of the person. The ankle, especially of woman, should be round and firm, and not small.

OSE DROP AT A TIME.—Have you ever watched an icicle as it formed? You notice as it grows one drop at a time until it was a foot long or more. If the water was clear the icicle remained clear, and sparkled brightly in the sun; but if the water was but slightly muddy, the icicle looked foul and its beauty was spoiled. Just so our characters are forming—one little thought or feeling at a time adds its influence. If each thought be pure and right, the soul will be lovely and sparkle with happiness; but if impure and wrong the soul will be final deformity and wretchedness.

The Naval Expedition at Fort Monroe.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.

Assistant Secretary Fox, with other officials, have gone to Fort Monroe to view the immense fleet assembled there, under command of Admiral Porter. It is by far the largest armada ever collected for a single expedition since the war began. Every vessel is completely prepared with the full complement of men and guns on board. How soon the fleet will sail is known only to the admiral.

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.—A Nashville paper tells of an occurrence which recently took place at General Granger's quarters. A negro had been waiting in the provost's office for some time without making known his desires, when one of the clerks asked his business to which the negro replied that he had the small pox and wanted a pass to go to the hospital. We need not say how promptly that darkey was attended to, and "no under questions axed."

MILITARY PRISON.—Workmen commenced the erection of a large military prison at Fort Snelling, on the north side of the Fort. It is to be of massive stone, 30 by 120 feet. It is to have a room for officers, a kitchen, guard room, sinks, and all departments complete. Such a prison has long been needed, as the guard houses in the Fort has been overflowing for months.—*Pioneer 16th.*

WE understand that Bracket's Battalion has returned to this State and is now at Fort Ridgely resting from the fatigues of its long and tedious journey in pursuit of the Sioux Indians. The several companies are to be stationed on the south-western frontier, which we doubt not they will guard vigilantly.—*Mankato Record.*

CESSATION of hostilities—This is the malt that lay in the platform that Vallandigham built.

Little McClellan—This is the rat that ate the malt that lay in the platform that Vallandigham built.

The loyal people—This is the rat that killed the rat that ate the malt that lay in the platform that Vallandigham built.

A St. Louis dispatch of the 14th inst. says:

Gen. A. J. Smith's division of the 17th Army Corps, which distinguished itself in the celebrated expedition, and which has lately been in in Missouri, has been transferred to Tennessee to co-operate with Gen. Thomas against Hood and Forrest. These troops reached Paducah in steamers on Wednesday.

A PRIVATE letter from the First Minnesota Battalion dated Fort Stedman, Virginia, Nov. 7th says:

"The battalion was in the engagement of Pat'ick's Run on the 27th of October, sustaining a loss of three slightly wounded."

THE town of Chester, Randolph county, Illinois, on the Mississippi River, railway between Cairo and St. Louis, was visited by a terrific tornado on Tuesday, destroying property to the amount of $60,000 and several lives.

Legals.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[illegible] mortgage deed bearing date June 14th [illegible] Chicago county, Minn. [illegible] mortgagee [illegible] mortgage deed [illegible] north west quarter of section [illegible] township forty north, range [illegible] west, containing [illegible] acres [illegible] south east quarter of section six township forty north range [illegible] west; also the south west quarter of section six township forty north range [illegible] west; also the north half of south east quarter of section eighteen township forty north range [illegible] west; also the south half of south east quarter of section eighteen township forty north range [illegible] west; west half of south west quarter of section seventeen township forty north, range [illegible] west; south west quarter of south west quarter of section twenty township forty north range nineteen west; south east quarter of south east quarter of section twenty township forty north range nineteen west; north east quarter of south west quarter and south west quarter of north west quarter of section [illegible] township forty north range [illegible] west; 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Miscellaneous.

MME. DEMOREST'S
QUARTERLY
MIRROR OF FASHIONS.

Each number contains large and magnificent Fashion Plates, splendid illustrations of all the fashionable novelties for ladies' and childrens' Dress, practical information, and four life-size Patterns, etc., etc. Yearly, $1; single copies twenty five cents. Published at Mme. Demorest's Emporium of Fashions, 473 Broadway, N. Y.

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Stoves and Tinware.

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AND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

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☞ All kinds of Jobbing and Custom work done, and all work warranted.

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THO AS LACY.

Taylors Falls May 21st 64.

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SILVER & PLATED WARE,
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Four doors below Thompson's Bank.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired by experienced workmen. 2-n32

JOSEPH R. BEAUMONT,
DEALER IN
Teas, Coffees, Spices, Sugars, Syrups, and all goods pertaining to the business of a
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Including Tobacco Cigars, Wines, Liquors and pure Old Rye and Bourbon Whiskies.

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☞ Corner Fourth and Jackson Sts., ☜
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These Machines make the lock-stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread loop stitch Machines do; will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, &c., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the lightest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of thread, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever!!!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident, it is readily replaced.

These are PECULIAR FACTS and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

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No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
v1-n1-1y.

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NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!!

MESSRS. EASTMAN, GIBSON & CO.,
Having purchased the
CARDING MACHINE
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CARD WOOL
in the most thorough manner.

They have engaged a competent man, and having thoroughly repaired the Machine, feel satisfied the work can be done better than ever before.

Until their
WOOLEN MILL
Is finished, the machine will be run in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Walcott.

The Highest Market Price Paid for Wool.

n40 EASTMAN, GIBSON & CO.

NEW ST. CROIX PACKET,
SPRAY.
H. H. HERRICK - - Master.
Daily Line from Taylors Falls to Stillwater.

GOOD CONNECTIONS WITH ST. PAUL STAGES.

Hereafter the Steamer SPRAY will run daily between Taylors Falls and Stillwater.—Leaving Taylors Falls at 6½ A. M. and returns the same evening, carrying freight and passengers. Passengers will reach Stillwater in time to take dinner before the St. Paul stages leave.

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AT
ST. ANTHONY,
Over Morrison & Prescott's Mill.

The subscribers will be prepared to receive Wool for the purpose of
CARDING INTO ROLLS
The last week in July. Having given good satisfaction to all of our customers with the first Machines started at St. Anthony Falls, would guarantee we shall continue to do the same. Will commence to spin
STOCKING
And other yarn in September. Bring your Wool well cleansed and free from sticks and burs.

1-40 D. LEWIS & CO.

1864 1864
D. W. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Commission, Forwarding, Receiving
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STORAGE.

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☞ N. B. Cash paid for produce at all times.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
132 Third Street, Saint Paul, Minn.,

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Third Above Robert St., Saint Paul, Minnesota.

WATSON, LENSMORE & CO.,
Manufacturers and dealers in
BREAD, CAKES, CRACKERS, CONFECTIONARY, ALSO,
Palmer's Celebrated Vinegar,
Carbon Oil, Burning Fluid and Benzole,
At North-Western Steam Bakery, corner of Robert Street and Levee, Saint Paul 3

SIGN OF THE BLACK BEAR.
The highest price paid in cash for **HIDES AND FUR,** by
Kessler & Reihl.
Wholesale and retail dealers in Leather, Saddlery, Hardware, Plastering hair, Leather Belting, Findings, &c. Mackubin's building, 106 Third street,
Saint Paul, Minnesota 34-6m

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PHOTOGRAPH & AMBROTYPE GALLERY,
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ESTABLISHED in 1850.

Photographs & Ambrotypes of every style. Stereoscopic and other Views of Minnesota Scenery. Photographs of Indians, &c., &c. Frames for Photographs, Engravings, &c., always on hand and procured to order at short notice. n30-6m*

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St. Paul, Minnesota.
Corner of Fourth and Jackson Streets.

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S. W. PAYNE, Clerk.

Stages leave this house daily for all parts of Minnesota. Good stabling in connection with the house. 27is12m.

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Manufacturers and
DEALERS IN PAPER
Of every Description,
STATIONERY AND PAINTERS' MATERIALS,
220 Third Street, St. Paul.
Cash Paid For Rags and Rope. 29 6m

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CARPET HALL,
225 Third street, (Roger's block,)
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THEIMANN'S HALL
C. A. THIEMANN,
Restaurant & Saloon,
Jackson St. between 4th and 5th,
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

The choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars, to be had at the bar.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
N. POTTGIESER, Proprietor,
Corner of Wabashaw and Fifth Streets,
ST. PAUL, - - INN,
LOCATED IN CENTER OF THE CITY.

Baggage taken to and from the boats and cars free of charge. Good stable attached 11th5thm2tf.

SAINT PAUL IRON STORE.
NICOLS, DEAN & CO.,
Dealers in
Iron, Nails
Steel, Plows
Axes, Springs
Axles, Anvils,
Vices,
Bellows, and Heavy Hardware Generally.

Also Agricultural Implements. Vulcanized Rubber and Leather Belting, Grindstones, Pittsburgh Coal, &c., &c.

Agents for Threshing and Reaping Machines, Herring & Co's Celebrated Fire-Proof Safes. Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota.

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All over the country, to push the sale of
THE DACOTAH WAR-WHOOP,
The best history of the SIOUX WAR published. Price, $1,25. Any person wishing to spend the winter East, can
PAY ALL EXPENSES
by going into this. It sells for less money, **Quicker Sales, and Larger Profits** than any other book.

Sample copy sent by mail on receipt of price. Address the publisher.

D. D. MERRILL,
St. Paul, Minnesota,

St. Paul Advertisements.

C. D. STRONG
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN
HARDWARE AND STOVES,
123 THIRD STREET, ABOVE ROBERT,
Saint Paul, Minnesota.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
STOVES,
TINER'S STOCK, AND METALS,
Together with Manufactured
TIN,
COPPER,
BRASS,
AND SHEET
IRON WARE,
kept constantly on hand. Also a full supply of
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
GLASS, NAILS,
CUTLERY AND MECHANICS' TOOLS,
of all kinds. St. Paul, May 21st '64.

Wheeler & Wilson's

115,000
Of **them** in use in **this country and Europe.**

They are the **only machines** making the **Lock Stitch** with the **Rotating Hook.**

Are **profitable** and **available a life time.**

Equal to **ten seamstresses.**

An **annual dividend** of 100 to 500 per cent. (on their cost) may be obtained in use—by **their possessor.**

The **Class Cloth-Presser,** (so popular,) can only be had with these Machines.

F. M. JOHNSON, agent,
264 Third street, St. Paul.

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Fashionable Jewelry Store.
Third street, St. Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of the saint Croix Valley are invited to call and examine the LARGEST & CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Clocks, silver Ware, Plated Ware, Diamond Goods, silver Tea sets, Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings, Thimbles.
AND EVERYTHING ELSE PERTAINING TO A
FIRST-CLASS JEWELRY STORE.

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash, from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the Lowest Prices. All goods Warranted to be precisely as represented. Cash paid for Old Gold and Silver. A full supply of Watch Materials always on hand. Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks; also agent for the celebrated American Watches. Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of Hair Work, or any pattern of Jewelry, &c., in order. All orders, by letter or otherwise, will receive prompt attention. All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount. ☞ Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office
30 1y D. C. GREENLEAF.

MUNGER BROTHERS.
MUSIC DEALERS,
Concert Hall Block, St. Paul, Minn.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
STEINWAY'S, CHICKERING'S
GROVESTEIN, VOCE'S,
UNITED, PIANOES,
ALSO FOR
PRINCE'S MELODIAN
and SCHOOL ORGA
AND
MASON & HAMLIN'S
Cabinet Organs.

N. B.—We keep constantly on han the only complete stock of
Sheet Music,
Musical Instruments,
Musical Merchandise,
in the North West.
St. Paul, Minnesota 30tf

St. Paul Advertisements.

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WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
Dealers in
CLOTHING,
ROGERS' BLOCK, 3 doors above Bridge, } Saint Paul, Minn.

THE First National Bank of St. Paul, is now fully organized for the transaction of a general Banking business with a Capital of **$250,000.** The Bank will receive deposits, buy and sell Exchange, United States, and State Bonds and Securities, Coupons, Gold, &c., &c.

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J. E. Thompson, President.
T. B. Harrison, Vice President.
Horace Thompson, Cashier.
Chas. Scheffer, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS,
T. A. Harrison, J. C. Burbank,
Horace Thompson, Chas. Scheffer,
H. G. Harrison, J. E. Thompson.

NEW ARRIVAL OF TEAS
Finest Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Dolon, Pekoe, English Breakfast, Souchong, Natural Leaf, Japanese, &c., &c.
COFFEES.
Green, Roasted and Ground, Mocha Old Government, Java, Laguayra and Rio. And all kinds of Pure Spices and Other Groceries,
AT THE
Saint Paul TeaStore,
Next door to the First Presbyterian Church, 3d Street St. Paul. n29-6m.

C. P. PEABODY,
Wholesale dealer in
Imported and Domestic
Wines, Liquors, & Cigars,
107 THIRD STREET
Between Jackson and Robert Streets,
SAINT PAUL, - - - MINNESOTA,

Constantly on hand a full supply of
DOUBLE TIFFIN
AND OLD BOURBON WHISKEYS
27-6m

NEW AND SECOND HAND
FURNITURE
of all kinds.
Pianos,
Carriages, Wagons,
Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, and Notions, can be bought at the
AUCTION ROOMS
OF
FAIRCHILD & CO.,
First street, St Paul, 1 Square above the bridge, only other place in the State.

We sell Dry Goods at Auction every Friday at 10 o'clock. Furniture every Saturday, and Stock on the
FIRST SATURDAY
of each month.
FAIRCHILD & CO.,

L. FOREPAUGH. M. AUERBACH
J. L. Forepaugh & Co.
JOBBERS OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS &C
138 THIRD STREET, SAINT PAUL.

J. WATSON WEBB, JR.
(SUCCESSOR TO WALTER W. WEBB.)
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic Wines.
LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
Third Street, second door above Jackson St.
SAINT PAUL, MINN.

GREAT BARGAINS
—AT—
The Cheap Cash Store.

Goods are very high, and everybody should save all they can; therefore go to
THE CHEAP CASH STORE,
For, notwithstanding the great advance in goods, we are selling our stock of
SUMMER GOODS
VERY LOW
WE HAVE
DRESS GOODS AT 15 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT 20 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT 25 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT 30 CENTS,
DRESS GOODS AT ALL PRICES
TO SUIT THE CUSTOMER.
We are also selling our stock of
SILK SAQUES & CIRCULARS,
AT REDUCED PRICES
TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK.
Remember the Place:
NO. 218 THIRD STREET,
ST. PAUL.
n40 H. KNOX TAYLOR.

Reporter's Column.

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IT IS THE

LIFE OF TRADE

IF YOU HAVE NEW GOODS TO SELL

Let the People Know it.

ADVERTISE.

If you have old goods which you wish to get rid of, let the people who look out for bargains know it, and—

ADVERTISE.

If you have removed to a new store, let your old friends know where to find you.—

ADVERTISE.

If you are at the old stand, and new stores have made its front look dingy, you will make up the loss if you

ADVERTISE

If you are a retailer, and want small cash purchasers

ADVERTISE.

If you are a wholesale dealer and wish to extend your business—

ADVERTISE.

If you have lost money during the crisis—

ADVERTISE.

If you have gained money when others lost you will make more if you—

ADVERTISE.

If you have property to sell—

ADVERTISE

Do not believe there is nobody to buy.—Transactions are made every day by those who—

ADVERTISE.

If you have houses to let you can find tenants if you—

ADVERTISE.

If you are in need of a situation, do not be satisfied by asking your friends alone, but seek a larger circle—

ADVERTISE.

If you want a clerk, porter, groom, gardener, domestic servant, or other person, you will save an immensity of trouble if you

ADVERTISE.

If you wish to borrow or lend money—

ADVERTISE.

If you are a professional man, do not stand upon your own dignity, but—

ADVERTISE.

If you are a mechanic—

ADVERTISE.

If you are a business man of any sort

ADVERTISE.

Whoever you are—

ADVERTISE

IN THE

The Taylors Falls Reporter.

THE OFFICAL PAPER OF

THE COUNTY,

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

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GOLD FIELDS
OF
IDAHO.

Colored, in Pocket form, with Muslin Covers. Price $1.25.

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This work is invaluable to any one who has any intention of going to these mines, or any desire to see the various routes, and ADVANTAGES of the

MINNESOTA ROUTE

OVER THE "GREAT SALT LAKE" BASIN HORN.

The Map shows plainly the topography of the country from Lake Michigan to the Pacific Coast, compiled from the latest Government surveys, and is correct in all distances, location and elevation of the country upon the line of the various routes—is full of general information, and will sell largely in every community.

The fact that these are among the richest mines of the Rocky Mountains and that they are the easiest of access, will induce many who are to seek their fortunes in the far west, to find their way to these FIELDS.

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